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Hongkong Daily Press

Registered as a Newspaper at the General Post Office in the United Kingdom.

報西

ESTABLISHED 1857

刺刊

15-19 Marina House, Queen's Road Central.
G.P.O. Box No. 1

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HONGKONG, FRIDAY, JUNE 6, 1941.

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Price Single Copy: 10 cents.
Per Month: \$3.00.

NAZI INFILTRATION INTO SYRIA PROCEEDING: ABETZ BACK IN PARIS WITH MORE BERLIN PROPOSALS

Catroux Is Now In Haifa For Conference With de Gaulle And General Maitland-Wilson

WHILE THE GERMAN INFILTRATION INTO SYRIA GOES STEADILY FORWARD BY LAND, SEA AND AIR, HERR OTTO ABETZ, GERMAN AMBASSADOR TO VICHY, HAS RETURNED TO PARIS FROM BERLIN WITH STILL MORE PROPOSALS FOR FRANCO-GERMAN COLLABORATION, STATES A REUTER REPORT FROM LONDON.

There is little news from Vichy owing to rigorous censorship especially of reports concerning collaboration between France and Germany.

ADMIRAL DARLAN IS EXPECTED TO RETURN TO PARIS SOON TO EXPEDITE A FORMAL AGREEMENT.

General Weygand, who is now in charge of a general scheme for the defence of the Vichy empire, has postponed his return to North Africa from Vichy until tomorrow.

Meanwhile GENERAL CATROUX, Free French Commander-in-Chief in the Middle East, is now in Haifa to meet GENERAL DE GAULLE, Leader of the Free French Movement, and they will confer with GENERAL SIR HENRY MAITLAND-WILSON, Commander-in-Chief of the British forces in Palestine.

It is explained in London that the R.A.F. bombing of an oil dump at Beirut is a natural development of the British Government's declared policy of taking measures on the spot against German aircraft using Syrian airports as bases for the purposes of attacking British forces.

In spite of denials by Berlin and Vichy, there are persistent rumours from reliable sources that Germans have been landed from the sea at Latakia from commandeered shipping.

AVIATION CORPS

An Ankara report even suggests that the personnel landed at Latakia have proved to be members of aviation engineering corps with full equipment and anti-aircraft guns.

This Ankara dispatch, if true, it is pointed out, shows that Syria is rapidly becoming a major base for operations by the German Air Force and, perhaps, the German Army.

Meanwhile, dispatches from the United States provide evidence that if the British forces were to take steps in Syria she will have the complete approval of United States opinion.

The BALTIMORE SUN says that if Britain has to accept the risk of French action in order to prevent the Germans from gaining an important and perhaps decisive advantage in Syria, Frenchmen have only their own Government to blame for the strategy.

COASTAL TARGETS ATTACKED

LONDON, June 5 (Reuter).—British aircraft continue to attack enemy shipping and coastal targets in occupied territory.

An Air Ministry communiqué today says that during yesterday's operations, a supply vessel of about five thousand tons was hit and set on fire off the Norwegian coast.

Zeebrugge harbour was also attacked.

Two British bombers are missing from these operations.

Other bombers attacked shipping and docks at Boulogne. During patrols over the Channel, an enemy bomber and three fighters were destroyed.

Two British fighters are missing from these operations.

DAYLIGHT ATTACK

A daylight attack on Zeebrugge was made yesterday by the R.A.F. and many bombs were seen to burst on the mole.

A ship of 300 tons was blown clean out of the water by a direct hit, says the Air Ministry news service.

RICH AMERICAN DEAD

NEW YORK, June 5 (Reuter).—The death from pneumonia is announced of Mr. Arthur Curtiss James, one of America's 12 richest men.

Mr. James' investments were once estimated at \$350,000,000.

JAPANESE CABINET MEETING

The Japanese Cabinet met yesterday morning in Tokyo and there were present the chiefs of the military and Navy. Mr. Matsuo, Foreign Minister, later had a conference with the Service leaders and the War Minister reported to the Emperor.

Syrian Situation Wrapped In Obscurity—Murray

"THE SYRIAN POSITION TODAY IS AS IT WAS YESTERDAY WRAPPED IN OBSCURITY. The little we know about it is based only on rumours and contradictory reports," said MAJOR ALLEN MURRAY when he broadcast from London yesterday.

"General Dentz says that no Germans have arrived in Syria but from various signs and indications we believe that quite a lot of them have. WE HAVE NOT FORGOTTEN GEN. DENTZ'S STATEMENT WHEN GERMAN PLANES WERE LANDING ON SYRIAN AERODROMES—FIRST THAT NONE HAD ARRIVED THERE AND THEN THAT THOSE THAT HAD ARRIVED WERE OWING TO FORCED LANDING.

"Having captured Crete the Germans may be expected to push their attack further afield without delay. The question is where?"

Vichy had declared that they would defend the French Colonial empire against all attacks. That statement had received the hearty approval of German propaganda.

The Nazis now knew that if Britain takes steps to stop their penetration into Syria the Vichy Government will put up a defence of the French empire and bring about a clash between Britain and France which was what the Germans wanted to see accomplished.

THE REASON

"This is the reason for the Vichy decision to defend the French Colonial empire against cruel British aggression," continued Major Murray. "What do they care about their French Colonial empire except that it suits their intention to help the Germans at the expense of the British?"

Cont'd Page 7, Col. 3

HEAVY RAID ON ALEXANDRIA

LONDON, June 5 (Reuter).—Over 100 persons were killed in one of the heaviest enemy air raids over Alexandria last night.

The United States petroleum output is to produce 50,000 barrels a day within 18 months, it is reported.

DUBLIN RAID CASUALTIES

In a statement in the Dail yesterday, the Eire Premier, Mr. de Valera, said that in the recent raid on Dublin 27 people were killed and 45 injured; 45 houses were destroyed and 300 damaged. A protest had been made to the German Government, says Reuter.

China Unlikely To Remain Long In The Defensive Role

CHUNGKING, June 5 (Reuter).—While Japan remains undecided whether to go southward or to penetrate further into China's interior, the Chinese Army is looking towards the autumn when ENOUGH AMERICAN ARMAMENT IS EXPECTED TO HAVE BEEN RECEIVED TO ENABLE IT TO TAKE THE INITIATIVE—provided no unexpected developments occur—according to well-informed Chinese circles here.

With United States aid, China is rapidly and steadily growing in volume, these circles state, and China is unlikely to remain long in the defensive role.

China, they declare, only requires aircraft, artillery and mechanized equipment for a large-scale counter-offensive against the Japanese Army in China, and there is every reason to believe that such equipment is forthcoming shortly from the United States.

It is true, they add, that after the arrival of such equipment there must be time for training the organization personnel before they can be used effectively in the field.

A part of the equipment must also be used to protect China's

vital communication routes, also the main military bases in order to ensure a continued flow of materials from abroad.

As soon as these tasks are completed, it is asserted, the world will see an important change in the Sino-Japanese situation.

Where the Chinese Army will deal the first blow must remain a secret with the Chinese High Command, Chinese sources say, but it is safe to predict the Chinese Army will strike first at the positions which will give China the highest value in economic, military and political spheres.

At the same time, it is pointed out, the operations must also be of such a nature as to make the deepest impression abroad.

IMPORTANCE OF A.A. MEN

The importance of anti-aircraft men was stressed by MR. HERBERT MORRISON, Home Minister, when addressing officers and N.C.O.'s of an A.A. brigade in London yesterday.

Mr. Morrison said that the success of A.A. fire was measured not only by the planes brought down but also the distance from the gun at which the attackers were forced to fly.

HUGE U.S. SUPPLY BILL SUBMITTED

AN ARMY SUPPLY BILL FOR \$2,502,000,000 was submitted by the Appropriations Committee to the House of Representatives in Washington yesterday.

It is the largest single bill for war material since the last war. One of the items provides for 40,000 planes for the U.S. Army Air Corps.

Mr. Patterson, Assistant Secretary for War, stated that there would be military need for all the planes covered by this appropriation.

Latest available information was that the German output of planes was 3,000 per month, but, with the occupied territories, the figure would probably be between 4,000 and 5,000.

ADEQUATE AIR SUPPORT ASSURED FOR IMPERIAL FORCES IN CYPRUS IN THE EVENT OF HOSTILITIES: MENZIES' STATEMENT

MELBOURNE, June 5 (Reuter).—ADEQUATE AIR SUPPORT IS ASSURED FOR THE ANZAC AND IMPERIAL FORCES IN CYPRUS IN THE EVENT OF HOSTILITIES THERE.

It is learned authoritatively that the Advisory War Council will receive a statement to this effect at a meeting today.

It is pointed out the proximity of Cyprus to Egypt and Palestine would permit strong air support.

The Prime Minister, Mr. R. G. Menzies, declared in a statement today that the Commonwealth Government was constantly in contact with London over the moves and lessons in the Middle East, and that every possible step will be taken to avoid the repetition of recent defeats.

Active steps will be taken to strengthen the position for the future.

CRETE DISCUSSION

SYDNEY, June 5 (Reuter).—Labour members of the War Council will insist on a discussion of Australian casualties in Crete and a review of the disposition of all Australian forces at the Council meeting in Melbourne today.

Mr. Beasley, one of the Labour members, stated that the figures of Australian losses in Crete announced by Mr. Spender would be received by the Australian people with the greatest concern.

"It is tragic that our forces suffered through lack of proper equipment and adequate air support. This must be the final lessons to those whose duty is to ensure that our soldiers have at least a fighting chance.

"Government must insist that in future the United Kingdom Government guarantees adequate air support to Australian forces."

STRIKES DECREE

LISBON, June 5 (Reuter).—A decree forbidding strikes and lockouts in Holland was published in Dutch newspapers on May 21. The penalty is prison, hard labour or death.

—On Other— Pages

- 2 Swimming notes; Tennis League results; Pony romp.
- 3 Radio programmes; Commemorative events; Crossword puzzle.
- 4 Identity of interests between Free France; Britain in the Syria question; Battle of Atlantic; General Sikorski reports on U.S. tour; Nazi terrorism in Greece.
- 5 Economic War Effort Advisory Committee; Working of proposed new interest tax; Y's Men's tiffin.
- 6 Leading article: Mediterranean Test Near.
- 7 Round the Police Courts.
- 9-10 Finance and commerce.

EGAL STILL AWAITING TRIAL

SHANGHAI, June 5 (Reuter).—Although arrested exactly two months ago on allegations of aiding French blue-jackets to desert, Roderick Egal, leader of the Free French movement in Shanghai, is still waiting patiently in a prison in Saigon, a letter he was removed shortly after his arrest, to be formally charged in court, according to reports received here.

It is understood, however, that a military judge has already been appointed to hear the case and the testimony of several witnesses in Shanghai has been received in Saigon.

WELL TRAINED CORPORALS

An American correspondent writes of a statement made by the late EX-KAISER when he was told that HITLER planned the whole of the campaign in France last year.

The ex-Kaiser squared his shoulders and said: "It only goes to show you how well we trained our corporals in the last war."

JAPAN AND AMERICAN SHIP ACTION

Tokyo Offers Three Possible Reasons

TOKYO, June 5 (Reuter).—Japanese shipping quarters see three possible reasons behind the United States Maritime Commission's action in requisitioning an increased number of merchantmen hitherto engaged in Pacific passenger trade.

Firstly, the need to divert these vessels to freight service on other routes.

Secondly, protection of these ships from possible Japanese seizure in the event of a crisis in the Pacific, and

Thirdly, another anti-Japanese gesture calculated to demonstrate United States displeasure at Japan's policies in the Far East.

The same circles point out that the withdrawal of American ships from the Pacific places Japanese ships, particularly those of the N.Y.K. and O.S.K. in a position to monopolize Pacific sea lanes.

However, they add, at present there are no plans under consideration with a view to altering trans-Pacific schedules.

Also, the American move is not expected to result in increased shipping profits since all available Japanese bottoms are already occupied to full capacity, while there are no prospects of an increase in foreign tourist trade to the Far East.

Shamshupo Depot For Traffickers In Children Raided

What is believed to be a depot for traffickers in children was raided by a party from the Secretariat for Chinese Affairs, led by Inspector G. W. Moreton, on Wednesday night.

The raiding party left the S.C.A. at 8 p.m., and proceeded to No. 111, Tai Nam Street, Shamshupo, where 15 CHILDREN, ALL UNDER 10 YEARS OF AGE, WERE FOUND ON THE PREMISES.

On being questioned, some of the children claimed that they were brought to the house by people from the "country" (village). Others said that they were sold—some for \$40, some \$30, others \$25, and yet others for as little as \$12.

They were all well fed and cared for, and the majority of them were smart-looking youngsters. Among the 15 recovered by Insp. Moreton were two infants.

PHOTO OF CHILD

While the Police were still on the premises two women appeared. King Boris is on an informal visit to Berlin where he has seen Herr Hitler and Field-Marshal Goering.

Today's News Summary

WHILE GERMAN INFILTRATION into Syria is continuing there is little news from Vichy. It is reported that Herr Abetz, German Envoy, has returned to Paris with still more proposals from Berlin for Franco-German collaboration. Gen. Weygand has postponed his return to North Africa from Vichy until tomorrow.

GENERAL CATROUX, FREE FRENCH C-in-C. in the Middle East has arrived at Haifa to meet General de Gaulle. They will have conversations with the Commander-in-Chief of the British forces in Palestine.

ADEQUATE AIR SUPPORT FOR THE Imperial troops in the event of hostilities in Cyprus is assured according to a statement from Melbourne.

THE AUSTRALIAN PRIME MINISTER has stated that the Commonwealth is in constant contact with London over the lessons in the Middle East and active steps would be taken to strengthen the position in the future.

JAPAN HAS ADVANCED THREE possible reasons for the United States Maritime Commission's action in requisitioning ships in the Far East.



In the World of Sports



COLONY'S AQUATIC STARS TO MEET IN AMBITIOUS GALA ARRANGED FOR JULY

European "Y" And V.R.C. Combine Their Forces Against Chinese Clubs

BY "JIN"

Owing to sudden indisposition Chan Chun-nam did not participate in the "Y" gala last Saturday and this robbed the fete of some of its excitement. Nevertheless, a good attendance turned up and witnessed some good swimming.

David Hutchinson, last year's champion, won both the sprint events and though his time was comparatively slow it is "too early in the season to pass judgment on his performance. His commanding lead in the relay race gave his team victory over the Chinese in the 200 yards. Apart from these three events, which the "Y" won, the Lai Tsun Union had pretty much their own way.

The cancellation of the ladies' free style relay was another disappointment to the many fans who had turned up to see the fair sex in action for the first time. This event was cancelled owing to the non-appearance of the other teams, other than the Lai Tsun ladies.

In spite of all these exciting sport were witnessed and the European Y.M.C.A. must be congratulated for their untiring efforts to make the gala a success.

C.B.C. GALA
Chinese Bathing Club opened their new season somewhat sensationally when two national records topped at the gala held last Sunday at North Point.

The performers were Miss Ho Wai-king in the 100 metres, and the newly-formed club, Sing Tao, in the Men's 200 metres free-style relay-race.

Miss Ho, on Sunday's performance, will constitute a serious threat in the sprint events in the Colony Championships while Sing Tao will also take a lot of beating from other clubs.

FORTHCOMING CARNIVAL
It is officially announced that the swimming carnival between a European Y.M.C.A.-V.R.C. combination and the United Chinese Clubs of the Colony will take place at the V.R.C. pool on July 26. Champions of both sexes will be seen in action and the meet will be a preview for the championships in September. The net proceeds will be equally divided between the Bomber Fund and the British Fund for the Relief of Distress in China.

THE PROGRAMME
The programme of events are:
MEN
200 Yards back-stroke relay (teams of four); 300 yards free-style relay (teams of six); 150 yards medley relay (back, breast and free-style); 100 yards free-style (two from each team).

WOMEN
300 Yards free-style relay (team of six); 150 yards medley relay (team of back, breast and free-style).

BOYS
200 Yards inter-school relay (team of four).

SERVICE
Inter unit 50 yards (one swimmer per unit).

DRIPPINGS FROM THE SEA

Victoria Recreation Club are holding their first inter-member gala on June 14. To encourage young divers there will be a diving event open to school boys.

Eileen Grant, rising young star, is under the expert coaching of Luigi "Perfect Man" Soares and should be able to get a place in the V.R.C. girls' team. Amongst the up and coming lady swimmers are the Misses Margaret Choa, Babe Arculli, Myra Noronha and Yvonne Yolle.

G. Yvanovich, last year's boys' champion, has joined the V.R.C. His time of 55.4/5 secs. in the 100

BOWLS SWEEP REMINDER

Club secretaries and bowls convenors are requested to send in money collected for the sweep in the Lawn Bowls League by 11 p.m. today. The draw will be made at 12 noon every Friday at the offices of Messrs Gande, Price and Company.

H.K.F.A. COUNCIL MEETING

A meeting of the Council of the Hongkong Football Association will be held at the Association's offices on Wednesday, June 11 at 5.30 p.m. The following is the agenda:—Minutes of Council meeting No. 11; consider alterations of rules; approve report of Council; final accounts; appoint auditors; elect date of annual general meeting; any other business.

CHESS RESULT

In the Colony Junior Chess championship tournament at the Peninsula Hotel last night, To Yau-lau beat A. Y. Birkhoff.

Both players are in the running for first place in the tournament and To's win leaves him in the more favourable position.

THE ROYAL CANADIAN HENLEY REGATTA

TORONTO.—The 58th Annual Royal Canadian Henley Regatta will be held at St. Catharines from July 24 to 26, the Canadian Association of Amateur Oarsmen announced.

The Association's President, Robert G. Dibble stated that the Buffalo, Westmore, Detroit, and Wyandotte, Michigan, had assured him that they would send strong teams to compete in all classes, and that the Toronto Dons and Argonauts and the Hamilton Leanders had expressed a desire to continue competition despite the war.

LARGEST BOMBER'S COMPLETION: TO EUROPE AND BACK NON-STOP

SANTA MONICA, Calif.—Four years and 9,000 blue-prints after construction started, Douglas Aircraft's famed B-19 is ready for test flights.

Rollled out onto Clover Airport for final tuneups before testing its wings, probably late this week, the B-19 posed like a dragon fly on an ant hill—an ant hill swarming with 6-foot men who looked tiny from the top of the rudder, 42 feet, 9 inches above the ground.

Seven hundred thousand man hours went into construction of the new giant of the airways, which was built to fly 7,750 miles non-stop to Europe and back.

The bomber has a wing spread of 212 feet, an overall length of 132 feet.

It has a top speed of 210 miles an hour, cruising speed of 186.

Douglas' largest previous land-plane was the DC-4, with a 138-foot wingspread and a 2,200-mile cruising range. The Boeing XB-15 is larger, with a spread of 153 feet.

Douglas didn't disclose the cost of the B-19 but it spent \$2,500,000 on the DC-4. Maybe that'll give you an idea. The DC-4 was sold to the Japanese Government and reports say it cracked up in Nippon.

The B-19, fairly bristles with guns but the number is a military secret. Its bomb capacity is 18 tons.

Its empty weight is nearly 24 tons—33,253 pounds. Loaded to capacity it can carry another 41 tons. It requires a normal flight crew of 10 and has sleeping accommodations for eight of them.

SPORTING FIXTURES

TODAY

RACING.—Entries close for Macau Jockey Club Race Meeting 12 noon.

TOMORROW

BASEBALL LEAGUE.—(Official opening) Hongkong Brewery v. U. S. S. Mindanao (corner Chatham-Gascoigne Roads, Kowloon) 3 p.m.

LAWN BOWLS.—First Division, Kowloon B.C.C. v. Recreation "A", Kowloon B.C.C. "A" v. Craigengower, Recreation "B" v. Kowloon C.C., Kowloon Docks R.C. v. Police R.C., Indian R.C. v. Civil Service, Second Division, Kowloon F.C. v. Recreation, Hongkong F.C. v. Kowloon Tong, Kowloon C.C. v. Craigengower, Third Division, Craigengower v. Hongkong C.C., Hongkong Electric v. Kowloon B.C.C., Recreation v. Kowloon F.C., Police R.C. v. Hongkong F.C.

WATER-POLO.—Royal Navy "A" v. 36th Bty. R.A. (Navy pool), 12.30 p.m.

SUNDAY, JUNE 8

BASEBALL.—Hongkong Baseball Club v. U.S.S. Asheville (Corner Chatham-Gascoigne Roads) 10 a.m.; Royal Engineers v. South China A.A. 3 p.m.

WATER-POLO.—8th Coastal Regt. R.A. v. 36th Bty. R.A. (Y.M.C.A. pool), 11 a.m.; Middlesex "A" v. 36th Bty. R.A. (Y.M.C.A. pool), 11.30 a.m.

FRED PERRY MAY WED AGAIN

Although nothing has been announced officially, close friends of Fred Perry, England's famous tennis player who is now professional at the Mexico City Country Club, are saying that he will marry Sandra Dreux, a model from Dallas, Texas, as soon as his divorce from the actress, Helen Vinson, becomes absolute.

Perry met Miss Dreux when she came to the Country Club to model at a dress show given by the Dallas firm of Nieman Marcus. Miss Dreux is now wearing an engagement ring and shows no sign of returning to Dallas. Friends say that their wedding is expected to be held as soon as possible.

LARGEST BOMBER'S COMPLETION: TO EUROPE AND BACK NON-STOP

It can be equipped as a transport to carry 125 fully armed men.

Four Wright duplex-cylinder motors generate 3,000 horsepower.

Named to test the B-19 the minute the U.S. Army says the word are Maj. Stanley Umstead, chief test pilot of the Army Air Corps, and O. W. (Bud) Coyne, Douglas testing ace.

FUR COAT CHARGE

Fleeing that the coat was taken by mistake, Mrs. Noreen Harbord, 26, of Harrington-gardens, Kensington, was acquitted at Bow-street, yesterday, of a charge of stealing a fur coat valued at £100, belonging to Miss Ann Walker, from the Hungaria Restaurant, Regent-street, W.

P. S. Freeman agreed with Mr. Ray Whiteway, who defended, that Mrs. Harbord was a woman of good character and ample means. When he searched her flat he found several fur coats, all of which belonged to her.

The restaurant manager said that Mrs. Harbord's own coat was found on a chair at the table where she had had dinner.

The magistrate, Sir Robert Dummer, remarked, in discharging Mrs. Harbord: "I don't think the evidence satisfies me quite that you knew that you had another person's coat."

TENNIS LEAGUE RESULTS

Filipino Club Win At Sookunpoo

Following are the results of the Fourth Division matches of the Tennis League played yesterday:

At Sookunpoo, Filipino Club beat Army Tennis Club, 5-4.

F. Gonzales and L. Souza (F.C.) lost to S/Sgt. Ford and L/Cpl. Stoner, 2-5; beat S/Sgt. Mitchell and L/Cpl. Glasgow, 6-2; beat Con. Gardner and S/Sgt. Adams, 6-2.

B. Poon and P. Poon lost to Ford and Stoner, 3-6; beat Mitchell and Glasgow, 6-2; beat Gardner and Adams, 6-2.

L. R. Delfonso and W. Lee lost to Ford and Stoner, 1-6; lost to Mitchell and Glasgow, 3-6; beat Gardner and Adams, 6-1.

C.C.C. WIN

At Sookunpoo, Craigengower C.C. beat Indian R.C., 7-1 to 1.

K. M. Au and C. M. Lee (C.C.C.) beat M. Hassan and K. Nazarin, 6-1; beat M. S. Hussain and M. I. Razack, 6-1; beat G. Singh and A. J. Sufiad, 6-2.

M. C. Hung and T. K. Lin beat Hassan and Nazarin, 6-1; drew with Hussain and Razack, 6-6; drew with Hussain and Razack, 6-6; beat Singh and Sufiad, 6-2.

Y. C. Mok and P. C. Yu beat Hassan and Nazarin, 6-4; beat Hussain and Razack, 6-2; lost to Singh and Sufiad, 1-6.

J.R.C. BEATEN

At Caroline Hill, Post Office R.C.

(1) beat Jewish R.C., 5 to 4.

K. W. Wong and D. C. W. Fitches lost to Whitgob and Odell, 2-6; lost to Pollak and Landau, 4-6; lost to Ramler and Talan, 0-6.

S. S. Chin and S. K. Chin beat Whitgob and Odell, 6-1; beat Pollak and Landau, 6-1; lost to Ramler and Talan, 2-6.

W. Morrison and J. Howlett beat Whitgob and Odell, 6-2; beat Pollak and Landau, 6-3; beat Ramler and Talan, 6-2.

K.L.T.C. LOSE

At Kowloon Indian Tennis Club, the home team lost to P.O.R.C. (2) by 6-1 sets to 2-4.

K. S. Mehal and Y. Khan (K.I.T.C.) drew with Chan and Castilho, 6-6; beat Lam and Lai 6-3; beat MacPherson and Shaw 5-6.

J. Ded and U. H. Esmail (K. I. T. C.) lost to Chan and Castilho 1-6; lost to Lam and Lai 4-6; lost to MacPherson and Shaw 5-7.

S.C.A.A. VICTORY

South China A. A. beat Central British Association by seven sets to two.

B. I. Bickford and A. Gaudert (C.B.A.) beat K. T. Chan and Y. K. Ng 6-4; lost to P. Y. Kwok and K. C. Siet 1-6; lost to C. M. Tsang and S. S. Yau 3-6.

V. C. Bond and N. B. M. Whitgob (C.B.A.) lost to Chan and Ng 1-6; lost to Kwok and Siet 0-6; beat Tsang and Yau 6-4.

D. Tomashewsky and D. T. Smith (C.B.A.) lost to Chan and Ng 5-7; lost to Kwok and Siet 2-6; lost to Tsang and Yau 4-6.

ARMY TENNIS

At Sookunpoo, on Wednesday 36th Bty. R.A. beat Royal Corps of Signals by two points to one in the second division of the Army tennis league.

Scores were:—Price and Love (signals) beat Lt. Dawson and Bdr. Whitmore 6-3, 7-5; Sgt. Brakenberry and Sgt. Wathen (Signals) lost to Lt. Godfrey and Cpl. Reynolds 5-7, 2-6.

"CHAIN TELEGRAMS"

According to a special dispatch to the Asahi from New York, a "chain telegram" had been proving most popular among Americans to stimulate the public sentiment towards participation in the war.

Similar to "chain letters" which were popular among the American public some years ago, a recipient of such a telegram is asked to send one to the President and ten additional copies to close friends.

The contents of the telegram read to the effect that in order to aid the British, the American Government should immediately enforce the neutrality patrol system and other measures deemed fit under the present circumstances.

KING KONG CHANGES HANDS AT \$1,000

COCOAS KING KONG, which won the Lead Mine Handicap, first section, on Whit Monday, changed hands at \$1,000 at the pony roup at the Race Course yesterday.

Among other well known ponies, sold were Sam's Choice to King Kong's new owner, Mr. S. W. Lee, for \$1,560; Sunspot (\$500) to Mr. H. J. Fellen; Night Express (\$300) to Mr. S. N. Fan; Cocklerol (\$700) to Mr. G. W. Cooper; Advancing Time (\$200) to Mr. Lo Kwong-to; Musket (\$200) to Mr. P. P. Botelho; Too Hot (\$260) to Mr. Cheung On; New Moon (\$270) to Mr. Johannessen; A Good Time (\$300) to Mr. T. H. Tseng who also bought Fittall for \$600; Lodestar (\$300) to Mr. Ng Cheung-fai; Jane Doe (\$100) to Mr. Y. K. Tu; Zadderday (\$80) to Mr. Ho Hong-ping; Senorita (\$120) to Mr. C. Yuen; Royal Highness (\$75) to Mr. D. M. da Rocha; Nancy Lee (\$100) to Mr. H. M. Wilbur; and Rivulet (\$70) to Mr. C. F. Chiu.

National Reform (\$520) to Mr. Yeung Wing-sing; National Blessings (\$75) to Mr. S. W. Lee; Jennifer (\$55) to Mr. B. L. T. Circe (\$25) to Mr. Hoo Pak-ming; Phoenix (\$15) to Mr. C. L. Gregory; Rose Evelyn (\$25) to Mr. Sling; King's Worthy (\$25) to Mr. R. M. da Rocha; National Liberty (\$45) to Mr. M. Alarcon; Fly-dog (\$15) to Mr. Sling; and National Success (\$35) to Mr. R. M. da Rocha.

Lancashire Lass, National Courage, King's Flirt, King's Welcome, Woodbridge, Riverbridge and Marsh Warbler were withdrawn.

Mr. E. V. M. R. de Sousa was the auctioneer.

AMERICA'S CINDERELLA

Guest Of President Roosevelt

WASHINGTON.—Little Anna Skolepovich, daughter of a poor Polish immigrant, was hailed as the American Cinderella after she had "joked and laughed with the President while diplomats and politicians waited at the White House.

Clad in a new silk dress, Anna who is thirteen, was an honoured guest at the President's magnificent birthday ball. Previously, in a miserable little shack home in Gary, West Virginia, where her father is a coal-mine mechanic, Anna picked up a newspaper and discovered that the President's birthday was on the same date as her own. So, on a grubby scrap of paper, she wrote to the President, telling him this and wishing him happy returns.

In reply, a polite official acknowledged from the White House Secretary arrived at Anna's home. It was first opened by Anna's brother, who for a joke added the postscript.

"We would like Anna to come to the White House and see the President."

Believing the postscript genuine, Anna's parents spent all their money in taking Anna to Washington, where they called at the White House.

On presenting the letter they were told the invitation was not genuine.

Then Mrs. Roosevelt heard of Anna's call and told the President.

They sent officials searching Washington for the girl from Gary, West Virginia, and late at night Anna was found.

IDENTITY TAGS FOR U.S. ARMY

NEW YORK.—Four and a half million tags are being printed for the American Army to identify men killed or wounded in battle.

The tags are of cloth, to be pinned on the breasts of the dead or wounded. In spaces on the tags would be written the victim's name, death, cause or nature of wounds.

The order for the tags has caused a sensation. Army officials say it is simply in line with the American policy of being prepared for anything.

UNTRAMMELED

Nobody sings spirituals quite as Miss Maynor does. She does them alone on the stage, preferably sitting. Then she can sing them as she learned them when a girl in Hampton, Va., untrammelled by "arty" accompaniments and concert tricks.

"We want to record native arrangements," she says, "which you can't put into musical notation. Some Negro harmonies are so strange there is no way to express them on the staff—the quarter tone, for example, often used by the Negro to embellish his singing."

"The average white listener feels the rhythm, the divided beat, when he hears a spiritual. But we Negroes feel also the pulse of the music."

Strangely enough, she points out that the melody of "un-doctored" spirituals can almost always be played using only the five black keys of the piano.

The search-party this summer plans to stick close by the coast, because in the swamp country, and on the islands, there are still plenty of Negroes who know the spirituals and sing them as they were meant to be sung.

AMERICAN GOLF CHAMPIONSHIP

NELSON FAVOURITE FOR THE TITLE

FORT WORTH (Texas), June 5 (Reuter).—Bryon Nelson, winner two years ago, is favourite for the American Open Golf Championship which starts here today.

There is a field of over 150 for the event, the qualifying rounds previously having thinned the entries by eliminating would-be champions, notable failures including Scottish-born Jack Hutchinson, winner of the British Open in 1931, Australian-born Joe Kirkwood and Jimmy Thomson.

Lawson Little, British and American amateur champion in 1934 and 1935 and who turned professional and won the Canadian Open in 1936 and won the American title last year, is defending his championship.

Other fancied men are Ralph Guldahl, champion in 1937 and 1938, and Bessie Hogan.

ART & HANDWORK EXHIBITION

The Education Department states that it has been decided to extend the Hongkong Schools Art and Handwork Exhibition at the Northcote Training College, Bonham Road, for two more days as follows:—Friday, June 6, 1941, 10 a.m. to 7.30 p.m. and Saturday, June 7, 1941, 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.

GREATEST NEGRO SOPRANO

NEW YORK.—It is humility, not racial bias, which characterises Dorothy Maynor, Serge Koussevitzky's great "find" and today probably the finest living negro soprano. Miss Maynor has a little gesture of the right hand, palm up, which symbolises her attitude when applause thunders about her ears.

"It's the music, not Dorothy Maynor," the gesture, seems to say.

But because neither she, nor her sponsors, anticipated the "break" that came to her a year ago last summer at the Berkshire Festival, when Koussevitzky took her up and made her a celebrity in one afternoon, the year and a half since has been mostly hard, bitter labour. She has time, this summer, for her first vacation, and she knows where she will go.

She will go south, to collect real spirituals from two friends and a recording machine.

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QUEEN'S ALHAMBRA TO-DAY ONLY
At 2.30, 5.15, 7.20 & 9.30 P.M.

Lady with RED HAIR
HOPKINS
CLAUDE RAINS
LARRY BERNARD
LARRY BERNARD
LARRY BERNARD

TO-MORROW: ERROL FLYNN • BRENDA MARSHALL
Warner Bros. Mystery-Comedy • "FOOTSTEPS IN THE DARK"

LEE THEATRE
DAILY AT 2.30, 5.15, 7.20 & 9.30 P.M.

SHOWING TO-DAY: A CHINESE PICTURE IN MANDARIN
娘姑命薄 "BROKEN BLOSSOMS"

STAR 4 SHOWS DAILY AT
At 2.30, 5.20, 7.20 & 9.20 P.M.

TODAY ONLY: Spencer Tracy, Hedy Lamarr in "I TAKE THIS WOMAN"

TOMORROW: Jeanette MacDonald, Nelson Eddy in "NEW MOON"
An MGM Picture

MAJESTIC THEATRE NATHAN ROAD KOWLOON TEL. 57222

Matinees: 30c. 50c. • Evenings: 30c. 50c. 70c. 1.20c.

At Less Than Roadshow Prices!
• SHOWING TO-DAY •
NOTE SPECIAL TIMES: 2.30, 5.00, 7.20 & 9.40 P.M.
DAPHNE DU MAURIER'S GRIPPING NOVEL,
A SELZNICK SCREEN TRIUMPH OF DRAMA
AND ROMANCE!
YOU LOVED THE NOVEL
YOU'LL LIVE THE PICTURE!

Rebecca
LAURENCE OLIVIER • JOAN FONTAINE
Directed by ALFRED HITCHCOCK
Produced by DAVID O. SELZNICK
who made "GONE WITH THE WIND"
RELEASED THRU UNITED ARTISTS

• NEXT CHANGE •
A Jungle Drama Of Ten Thousand Thrills!
LOLA LANE • JAMES CRAIG in "ZANZIBAR"
A New Universal Picture

TAKE ANY TRAM OR HAPPY VALLEY BUS. W.
CATHAY
DAILY AT 2.30, 5.15, 7.20 & 9.30 P.M.
Matinees: 30c. 50c. Evenings: 30c. 50c. 70c. 1.20c.

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Today's spectacular motion picture magic makes it unlike anything you've ever seen on the screen!

Exciting drama! Sparkling comedy! Triumphant romance!
EARTHBOUND
WARNER BAXTER ANDREA LEEDS
LYNN BARI CHARLEY GRAPEWIN
HENRY WILCOX ELIZABETH PATTERSON
A 20th Century-Fox Picture

ALSO: Latest FOX MOVIE TONE NEWS

SUN. • "JUDGE HARDY & SON" Lewis Stone
MON. • "NICKY ROONEY" Mickey Rooney

COMING EVENTS

JUNE
6—Tides: High 6.37 a.m. and 7.01 p.m. Low: 1.11 p.m.
Sunrise: 5.38 a.m.; Sunset: 7.05 p.m.
Musical Recital in aid of Bomber Fund, Rose Room, Peninsula Hotel.
Ladies' Working Party (B.W.O.F.) Govt. House, 9 a.m.—12 noon.
Cheero Club Darts and Table Tennis.
Chamber Music Evening, University Great Hall, 7 p.m.
St. Andrew's Church Intercession Service, 6.30 p.m.
Exhibition of Paintings, Hotel Cecil, 11 a.m. to 10 p.m.
7—Tides: High 7.11 a.m. and 8.11 p.m. Low: 12.41 a.m. and 2.05 p.m.
Sunrise: 5.38 a.m.; Sunset: 7.06 p.m.
Claims against Estate of late Mr. C. H. P. Hay due.
Opening of Baseball League.
Lecture: Dr. Cliff on "Prophecy," 77 Pokfulam Road, 2nd floor, 8.30 p.m.
Exhibition of Paintings, Hotel Cecil, 11 a.m. to 10 p.m.
8—Tides: High 7.14 a.m. and 8.21 p.m. Low: 1.24 a.m. and 2.54 p.m.
Sunrise: 5.38 a.m.; Sunset: 7.06 p.m.
Y.M.C.A. Discussion Group, 9 p.m.
Baseball League.
Exhibition of Paintings, Hotel Cecil, 11 a.m. to 10 p.m.
9—Tides: High 8.31 a.m. and 10.15 p.m. Low: 2.03 a.m. and 3.59 p.m.
Sunrise: 5.38 a.m.; Sunset: 7.06 p.m.
Crown Land Sale, P.W.D. Offices, 3 p.m.
Exhibition of Paintings, Hotel Cecil, 11 a.m. to 10 p.m.
10—Tides: High 9.20 a.m. and 11.11 p.m. Low: 2.44 a.m. and 4.28 p.m.
Sunrise: 5.38 a.m.; Sunset: 7.07 p.m.
Rotary Club Dinner, H.K. Hotel, 1 p.m.
Exhibition of Paintings, Hotel Cecil, 11 a.m. to 10 p.m.
11—Tides: High 10.01 a.m. Low: 3.24 a.m. and 5.11 p.m.
Sunrise: 5.38 a.m.; Sunset: 7.07 p.m.
Opening of King George V Memorial Park, Jordan Road, Kowloon, 6 p.m.
12—Tides: High 11.07 a.m. and 10.48 p.m. Low: 4.02 a.m. and 5.54 p.m.
Sunrise: 5.38 a.m.; Sunset: 7.07 p.m.
13—Tides: High 12.33 a.m. and 11.28 p.m. Low: 4.42 a.m. and 6.37 p.m.
Sunrise: 5.38 a.m.; Sunset: 7.08 p.m.
14—Tides: High 1.49 a.m. and 12.41 p.m. Low: 5.25 a.m. and 7.24 p.m.
Sunrise: 5.38 a.m.; Sunset: 7.08 p.m.
Claims against Estate of late Mr. J. K. Monro due.

Solution No. 901
PALBETGERMPEP
ARILEMEUTADO
RAMPLESTALIT
OMFSAISTELTA
LIARDISPTRES
ESSEDISPTRES
RAIDYORET
RIRADITENET
ERATREKESNE
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ACEITREKTRIDE

1st Mov: Allegro non troppo; 2nd Mov: Scherzando—Allegro molto; 3rd Mov: Andante; 4th Mov: Rondo; 5th Mov: Scherzando—Allegro molto; 6th Mov: Andante; 7th Mov: Rondo; 8th Mov: Scherzando—Allegro molto; 9th Mov: Andante; 10th Mov: Rondo; 11th Mov: Scherzando—Allegro molto; 12th Mov: Andante; 13th Mov: Rondo; 14th Mov: Scherzando—Allegro molto; 15th Mov: Andante; 16th Mov: Rondo; 17th Mov: Scherzando—Allegro molto; 18th Mov: Andante; 19th Mov: Rondo; 20th Mov: Scherzando—Allegro molto; 21st Mov: Andante; 22nd Mov: Rondo; 23rd Mov: Scherzando—Allegro molto; 24th Mov: Andante; 25th Mov: Rondo; 26th Mov: Scherzando—Allegro molto; 27th Mov: Andante; 28th Mov: Rondo; 29th Mov: Scherzando—Allegro molto; 30th Mov: Andante; 31st Mov: Rondo; 32nd Mov: Scherzando—Allegro molto; 33rd Mov: Andante; 34th Mov: Rondo; 35th Mov: Scherzando—Allegro molto; 36th Mov: Andante; 37th Mov: Rondo; 38th Mov: Scherzando—Allegro molto; 39th Mov: Andante; 40th Mov: Rondo; 41st Mov: Scherzando—Allegro molto; 42nd Mov: Andante; 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IDENTITY OF INTERESTS BETWEEN FREE FRANCE, BRITAIN IN THE SYRIA QUESTION

German Infiltration Into Country Continuing: French Motorised Units Taken Over

LONDON, JUNE 5 (REUTER).—FOREIGN REPORTS OF THE PRESENCE OF GENERAL DE GAULLE IN JERUSALEM at the head of a Free French force are not officially confirmed in either Free French or British quarters in London, but they serve to emphasise the identity of interests between Free France and Britain in the Syrian question as in other matters.

Since General de Gaulle returned to Cairo about 11 days ago to be in close touch with developments in Syria and elsewhere, there has been no further news of his movements. Meanwhile, the reported decision of the Vichy Government to defend the French Empire "single-handed" is significant in several ways.

The announcement seems to be designed to meet the charges which are being increasingly heard inside France that the French are not masters in their own house and the fact that such an announcement is thought necessary at present may doubtless be taken as a measure of the dissatisfaction felt in France and in the French Empire at Vichy's policy.

The phrase "single-handed" is, doubtless, German-inspired. It would pay the Germans well to lure the Vichy forces into single-handed hostilities while the German Army made its preparations leisurely and then make a dramatic entry at a propitious moment. But whatever phrases Vichy employs, the fact remains that her troops can fight only with German-made arms made in French factories now under German control.

Further reports from France of increasing attacks by night on German forces in Occupied France seem to suggest increasing dissatisfaction among loyal Frenchmen at German control there.

MOROCCO AND SYRIA

The knowledge that German military activity is in full flood both in Morocco and Syria will certainly do little to allay this resentment.

Evening papers in London emphasise that the testing time in the Mediterranean is drawing near. The "Star" declares: "The stage is set for a mighty struggle on the eastern shores of the Mediterranean. The Axis strategy is to strike down through Syria and Palestine on one side and from Libya on the other."

"Reverses in Greece and Crete should not make us forget that we owe the chief successes of our arms in this war to General Wavell's skill."

TESTING TIME

"The testing time is drawing nearer. The valour and quality of our fighting men have been proved in many fierce encounters against heavy odds. The least they deserve is every support in machines and equipment that our workshops can give them, coupled with the resolve on the part of our High Command to abandon no old-fashioned notions of strategy, tactics and technique."

"The Germans are likely to stake everything on a decision this summer before American help becomes an avalanche. Hitler is thinking in terms of total war, of a lightning war and of 100 per cent. effort. Our watchword must be 'All Out.'"

U.S. APPROVAL

WASHINGTON, June 5 (Reuter).—There is no doubt that whatever steps Britain is forced to take in Syria she will have the wholehearted approval of the United States as press and public continue their denunciation of the Darlan policy.

In a "Trenchant" editorial, the Washington Post says that if Darlan's remarks mean anything, France is prepared not only to kiss the rod which beat her but to wield it against the nation to which her people must look for their salvation.

It goes on to say that Hitlerism is America's declared enemy and that France cannot be a friend of Germany and also of the United States.

NAZI INFILTRATION

CAIRO, June 5 (Reuter).—Reports trickling over the frontier indicate that steady German infiltration of Syria continues by land, sea and air. Three weekly batches of approximately 50 Nazis while further Germans continue to arrive by plane at Syrian airport, writes Reuter's correspondent in Syria.

The latest reports indicate that more than 12 planes are arriving daily, many of which are fighters. Yesterday 150 troop-carriers landed at Rayak but for what purpose is unknown as all were empty.

BATTLE OF ATLANTIC

COL. FRANK KNOX & U.S. PATROLS

WASHINGTON, June 5 (Reuter).—The United States Navy has not yet been able to determine whether the expansion of the United States naval patrol has substantially reduced the effectiveness of German submarine operations.

This was stated by Colonel Frank Knox, Secretary of the Navy, yesterday. The Germans, he said, were claiming a tremendous number of sinkings, but "hitherto the British had generally been right" in contending that the true figures were "much less than the German claims."

Colonel Knox, who was speaking at his press conference, disclosed that the United States Navy had offered to train pilots for Britain similarly to the undertaking of the United States Army.

Colonel Knox understood that the initial contingent would number 3,000.

Colonel Knox also reported that the British had made no new requests for destroyers but were asking for all help possible in merchantmen transfers.

HEAVY FIGHTING IN W. SUIYUAN

Japanese Decimated In Salsien

CHUNGKING, June 5 (Central).—There is another flare-up of military activity in western Suiyuan with the Chinese taking the initiative. On the night of May 31, a Chinese flying column launched a sortie on the Japanese near Salsien and pushed as far as Yingyatsze, south-east of Salsien, where the Japanese were heavily engaged and decimated.

On the same day, another Chinese force made an attack on the Japanese at Talliang northwest of Anpeh from several directions. One detachment met and defeated a Japanese unit at Chihkentze, northwest of Talliang, while another column launched a furious attack on Talliang itself. As the result of a heavy engagement lasting until the night of the following day, the Japanese suffered severe losses. The Chinese are continuing their attacks on Talliang.

STRATEGIC CAPTURES

The Chinese troops harassing the Japanese in the vicinity of Paotow are also making progress. Up to the night of June 1, they had captured successively many strategic points including Yangli, Shihkai, Niuchang, all southeast of Shuangchuantien, and destroyed the Japanese defence works there.

Ouyangtai, another important Japanese post near Paotow, was also recaptured following a heavy battle which resulted in over 500 Japanese casualties.

Arabs alike are peacefully investing in the frontier region.

THRILLING ADVENTURES OF R.A.F. FLIGHT LIEUTENANT IN CRETE

LONDON, June 5 (BWS).—The thrilling series of the adventures of a Flight Lieutenant in Crete are described in an Air Ministry bulletin.

After attacking the Malemi airfield in Crete during which he shot down two enemy aircraft Flight-Lieut. Honour was himself shot down into the sea.

The plane dived 40 feet below the surface but Honour managed to come to the top and after four hours' swim reached the coast of Crete.

He spent the night in an icy cold cave.

All the next day he walked on spent the night in a disused church and drank from its stagnant well. Next day he found some lentils in a goatherd's hut.

After more tramping he came upon the village. He was given water, goat-milk, cheese and rye bread and was informed that another British pilot who had been shot down that day was also in the village.

FRIENDLY DISCUSSION. Friendly discussion proceeded as to whether the villagers should turn them over to the enemy who were surrounding the village.

Already six of the villagers had been shot by the Germans for supposedly withholding information. They decided, however, to attempt to find their way through the German lines.

After a meal of egg and chips given them by the French speaking peasants they saw at dusk ME109s attacking a nearby aerodrome. They heard an aircraft approaching the island and thought it was German. But on its approach saw it to be a Sunderland. They signalled with pocket torches in Morse "R.A.F. here. R.A.F. here."

MILLION-TO-ONE CHANCE

Though it was a million-to-one chance the Sunderland pilot would see the signalling he did so and managed to land and take off with the two R.A.F. pilots.

Flight-Lieut. Honour is now back again on duty with his Hurricane squadron and it has just been announced that he has been awarded the immediate bar to the D.F.C.

He has already shot down nine enemy aircraft.

General Sikorski Reports On Results Of U.S. Tour

LONDON, June 5 (Reuter).—General Sikorski's visit to the United States and his conversation with President Roosevelt aroused great enthusiasm in Poland, declared the Polish Commander-in-Chief in a statement on the results of his American tour to the Polish National Council in London yesterday.

The Polish President, M. Raczkiewicz, and all members of the Government were present.

General Sikorski was welcomed by the Acting Vice-Chairman of the National Council, Dr. Lieberman, the well-known Polish Socialist leader.

General Sikorski said that Polish pilots and sailors were on active service and a Polish Brigade in the Middle East, under the command of General Wavell, had taken up its position.

The Polish forces which were defending an important sector of Britain could easily be enlarged by new recruits from Polish manpower in the Western Hemisphere.

The organisation of Polish military training camps in Canada, therefore, had become an acute problem and the Polish Government had decided to spend part of its gold reserves for this object.

The first large comfortable camp would be established at Owen Sound, Ontario, and the second at Windsor. General Sikorski hoped that the Polish forces might be further enlarged next year "in readiness for offensive action on the Continent."

General Sikorski paid a warm tribute to the assistance the United States is giving the Allies and expressed his sincere belief that the unlimited potentialities of the United States' war industry would bring victory.

MAIA RENDERED UNSERVICEABLE

Famous Partnership Broken Up

LONDON, June 5 (Reuter).—Maia, bottom half of the Mayo Composite "Pickaback" aircraft, has been damaged and rendered unserviceable in the British harbour.

At the beginning of the war the Pickaback plane, which was one of the world's most expensive aircraft, was released to the Air Ministry for duty with the R.A.F. Coastal Command but apart from the few special service flights she did not take the air often.

Damage to the Maia, breaks the partnership with the smaller upper half of the aircraft, Mercury, which went into service with the Imperial Airways before the war following non-stop flights across the Atlantic and to South Africa.

CABLE NEWS IN BRIEF

CHUNGKING, June 5 (Central).—The American Ambassador, M. Clarence E. Gauss, accompanied by R.P. Butrick, Counsellor of the American Embassy, yesterday afternoon paid a round of courtesy calls on various government officials including Mr. Chang Kiangnan, Minister of Communications, Mr. Tai Chai-tao, President of the Examination Yuan, and Dr. K.C. Wu, Mayor of Chungking Municipality.

NAIROBI, June 5 (Reuter).—The Governor of Kenya, Sir Henry Monck-Mason Moore, and his wife, have left for the Congo by air on an official visit to the Governor General. It is officially announced here.

CAIRO, June 5 (Reuter).—The Egyptian Ministry of Finance has placed Syria on the list of countries with which it is forbidden to trade as "being occupied either by Germany or Italy."

LONDON, June 5 (Reuter).—Delegations from the Reich are expected to attend the funeral of the ex-Kaiser on Monday in the castle chapel at Doorn, says a message to the official German news agency from Doorn. Otherwise the ceremony would be confined to members of the family according to the ex-Kaiser's wishes.

JAPANESE BOMB HUNAN TOWNS

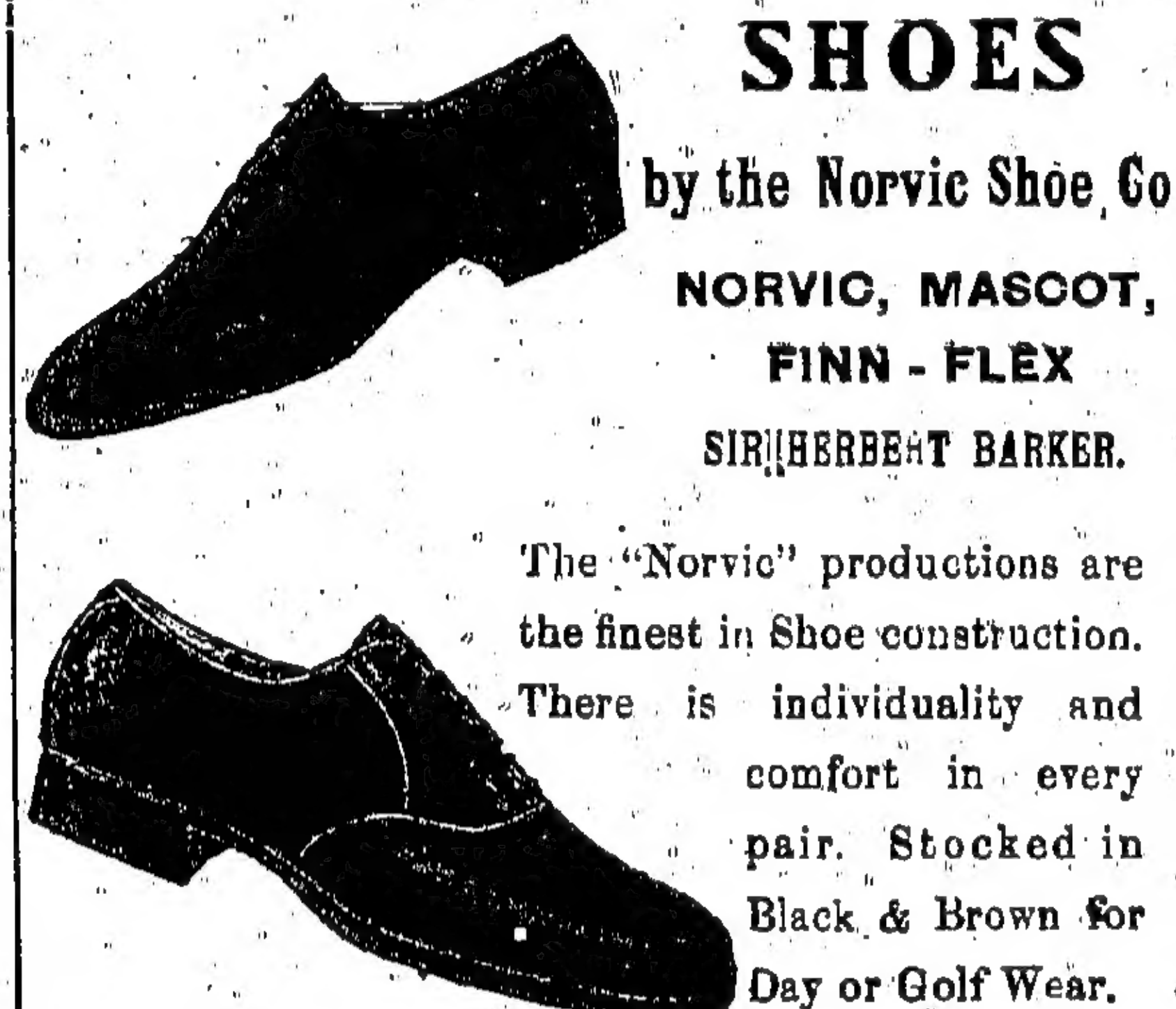
HENGYANG, June 5 (Central).—Chuchow and Lukow, towns on the Canton-Hankow Railway in eastern Hunan, were raided by a squadron of nine Japanese planes this morning. Bombs were dropped over the two cities but little damage was caused. The raiders also flew over Changsha and Siangyang but dropped no bombs.

HUNAN EXECUTIONS

LAIYANG, June 5 (Central).—Convicted of violation of the Anti-Opium Law, Wan Ming-tseh and Chen Pien-chih were executed yesterday by order of the Hunan Provincial Government which has been taking stern measures to extirpate the opium evil in the province since the beginning of the year.



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10, ICE HOUSE STREET

You will not have to pay an extravagant price.

VICHY, June 5 (Reuter).—Reports published abroad that six millions of dollars' worth of de-French naval bases had been set fence materials for Britain, have aside for joint occupation by been immobilised here by a strike Franco-German forces are formal- of 1,400 warehouse workers in ly denied in authoritative circles New York warehouses. The strikers here, says the official French news are demanding an increase in wages.

"Well you'll have to give one to a few million other people. I'm afraid."

"Think I'll give you a medal for discovering this drink, Jill."

This perfect Summer drink is captivating the Colony. No one can resist the cool, refreshing delight of 'OVALTINE' Cold.

And remember, 'OVALTINE' is supremely rich in health-giving and energy creating nourishment. This is just what you need now. For it is so important to restore strength and energy you expend so freely, 'OVALTINE' does this as nothing else can.

Drink delicious

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ECONOMIC WAR EFFORT ADVISORY COMMITTEE: TERMS OF REFERENCE

THE ECONOMIC WAR EFFORT ADVISORY COMMITTEE which is to report to Government on various questions of economic and financial policy in relation to wartime needs has been constituted as follows:—

CHAIRMAN: Mr. D. J. Sloss, C.B.E., M.A.

COMMITTEE: Professor R. Robertson, M.A., Lt.-Col. R. D. Walker, M.C., Mr. D. Kelvin-Stark, Mr. M. F. Key, O.B.E., Mr. P. C. M. Sedgwick, Mr. K. S. Morrison, Mr. D. C. Edmondston, Mr. A. H. Penn, Mr. Ng Chak Wa, Mr. S. M. Churn, Mr. R. E. Heasman (acting for Mr. C. Rogers), Mr. W. T. Lewis (Secretary).

TERMS OF REFERENCE

The Committee's terms of reference are to consider and advise as to how the Colony's contribution to the economic war effort can best be made, with particular reference to:—

(a) the reduction of the consumption of imported goods without permanent injury to the entrepot trade or to post-war British trading interests, and the conservation of shipping space, e.g. by rationing;

(b) the increase of local production—(i) of goods for local consumption, and (ii) of goods required by His Majesty's Government for war purposes;

(c) the collection and diversion into the most useful channels of any savings thus effected.

DIFFICULT PROBLEM

Far removed as the Colony is from the theatres of war, the need for economic sacrifices of supplies may not be obvious, although the fundamental reasons which have

dictated limits of personal consumption in the United Kingdom are nevertheless operative in Hongkong.

The existence of Hongkong's entrepot trade presents a difficult problem, but measures are being discussed to reduce importation and consumption of non-essential goods, particularly by those classes of the community which enjoy a relatively high standard of life.

There can be no doubt that every time an individual refrains from making a purchase of imported goods, or locally produced goods, whose production depends to any material extent on imported materials, the war effort is directly benefited. In particular, shipping and productive capacity is saved, and, in many cases, foreign exchange. Even where it may seem that there is plenty of shipping space for inward freight to Hongkong, it must be remembered that saving of time in loading at docks is important, and that many manufactured articles imported are made from raw materials which have to be transported by sea.

PUBLIC CO-OPERATION

The various problems confronting the Advisory Committee will be found difficult of solution, and the whole-hearted co-operation of the general public is cordially invited. Any suggestions relating to a vigorous and successful prosecution of the war effort should be addressed to W. T. LEWIS, SECRETARY, ECONOMIC WAR EFFORT ADVISORY COMMITTEE, THE UNIVERSITY, HONGKONG.

WORKING OF THE PROPOSED NEW INTEREST TAXATION

The Commissioner of War Taxation, Mr. A. G. Clarke, received the Press in his offices at Windsor House yesterday to explain to the assembled gentlemen the working of the proposed new Interest Tax.

The tax, the Commissioner explained, is designed to save Chinese business concerns unnecessary embarrassment, Chinese business being always much distressed at the thought of people other than those intimately connected with the transactions recorded being permitted perusal at leisure of their books.

Thus, the Interest Tax will limit the interest in business documents to mortgages, bills of sale, debentures, or, in short, to registered documents promising to pay interest on a loan.

The Tax will probably be imposed at the rate of 14 per cent., and will affect principally the creditor who will receive \$86 for every \$100 due him in a loan with interest agreement, \$14 going to the Treasury.

Mr. Wong, investing a sum of \$1,000 in Mr. Chan's business at the rate of 10 per cent. per annum, will thus receive, when the date of payment falls due, a sum of \$86.

To explain in a little more detail the working of the Tax, the Commissioner of War Taxation issued the following communiqué:

INTEREST TAX

1. Interest Tax is payable by any person (including a partnership, body of persons, or corporation) who borrow money

(a) on a mortgage, bill of sale, or debenture;

(b) for the purpose of his trade, profession or business, and who pays interest on the loan.

2. The tax is at the rate of 14 per cent. on the interest paid, and is payable to the Commissioner of War Taxation at the same time as the interest is paid. For example, if you, as a borrower, have to pay a sum of \$100 as interest, you must not pay the full amount to your creditor; you should pay him only \$86, and you must pay the balance of \$14 at once to the Commissioner of War Taxation. If you forget about Interest Tax, and pay the full amount of \$100, you will still have to pay the tax of \$14 to the Commissioner, but in this case you may recover this sum from your creditor.

3. Your creditor has no claim against you because he does not receive his full interest, but if he asks, you must give him an account of the deduction you have made in the form of a certificate which you can obtain from the War Taxation Department on application.

4. Interest paid to a limited liability company or to an approved bank is not subject to Interest Tax, and therefore any person who borrows only from a limited liability company or an approved bank is not affected by this tax. A list of approved banks will be published and will be obtainable from the War Taxation Department.

5. Anyone in doubt about this tax should apply for advice to the War Taxation Department. This paper is issued without authority in an attempt to help the public to understand the working of the new tax.

SECOND FINE FOR SPITTING

The second prosecution under the anti-spitting bye-law was brought before Mr. H. G. Sheldon, K.C., at the Central Magistracy yesterday against a Water Works Department coolie, Yuen Luen, 26.

He was fined \$5 for spitting on a footpath in Wanchai Road on Wednesday.

Det.-Sgt. V. M. Morrison said that defendant was arrested by Dr. G. Ingram Shaw, Port Health Officer.

GRATITUDE TO HONGKONG

The following telegram has been received by His Excellency the Governor from the Secretary of State for the Colonies:—

June 2, 1941.

Following from Lieut.-Colonel Moore-Brabazon.

Continued flow of contributions from Hongkong gives me greatest encouragement. Please convey to all who are so splendidly supporting our common cause my deepest gratitude for their unsparing efforts.

TRAFFIC ACCIDENTS WEEKLY RETURN

In the Colony of Hongkong including the Island, Kowloon and New Territories during the week ending at 8 a.m. on Saturday, May 31, 1941, there were altogether 89 traffic accidents as the result of which three persons were killed and 25 persons were injured.

Of the persons killed, three Chinese males, aged 53, 61 and 12 respectively, were knocked down and killed by a private car and motor lorries respectively, while crossing the carriageway.

Of 89 accidents, 37 were collisions between vehicles; 26 were collisions between vehicles and pedestrians; 26 accidents were due to other causes.

EIGHT CASES OF CHOLERA

Eight cases of cholera (six in Victoria, one each in Aberdeen and Kowloon), six of dysentery, three of enteric fever, two of measles, one of cerebro-spinal fever and 23 of tuberculosis were notified to the Health Authorities on Wednesday.

DEATH OF H.K. RESIDENT

A well-known local resident passed away at the War Memorial Hospital yesterday in the person of Mr. Frank Gordon Herdridge, Secretary of W. R. Loxley & Co. (China) Ltd.

Deceased was aged 50. The funeral will take place this afternoon passing the Monument, Happy Valley, at 5.30 o'clock.

It is requested that no flowers be sent and that instead donations be made to charity.

DISASTER FOR HITLER

Astrological forecast, originating from Macao, and which, according to Chinese sources and the vernacular Press has proved remarkably accurate in the past, points to a disaster for Hitler this year followed by death next year.

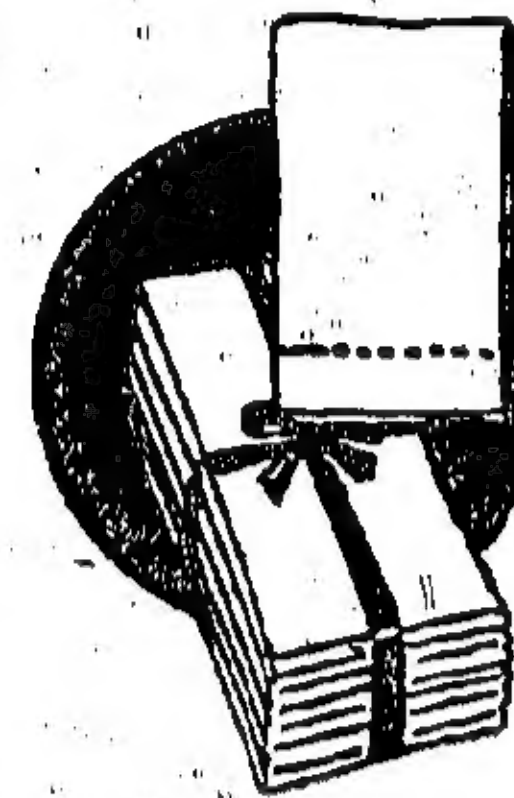
This prophecy was said to be given by a spirit called "Yuen Kung Tsz," which was induced to descend, after five attempts, by Chinese soothsayers in Macao.

THEFT OF CLOTHING

Mr. K.S. Dzau, of No. 7, Prince's Terrace, second floor, reported that between 10.30 and 11.30 a.m. on Wednesday, some person entered his residence and stole \$120 worth of clothing.

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- FINELY WOVEN HARD WEARING COTTON SHEETS
SIZE 72 x 108 \$24.00 PAIR
- 72" WHITE SHEETING @ \$2.50 YARD
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SIZE 20 x 30 @ \$1.50 & \$2.25



IRISH LINEN PILLOW CASES
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WICK TUFTED BEDSPREADS
IN CREAM BLUE, PINK &
GREEN

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Y'S MEN'S Tiffin:

Interesting Discourse On Chinese Architecture

The subject of Chinese architecture is at the same time an old and a new subject. Mr. Y. C. Lee, the architect, told the Hongkong Y's Men's Club yesterday. It is old in that it has its origin in antiquity, earlier than perhaps Greek or Egyptian architecture, and new in that comparatively little knowledge of it is recorded and scholars have but recently begun to conduct research in historical documents relating to the old buildings and study the surviving ancient structures.

In the palace buildings of Peking and magnitude must have been of a degree hardly surpassed by the later palaces in Peking. The whole structure was destroyed by fire toward the end of the dynasty, but its construction undoubtedly set a standard of palatial grandeur which later capital builders sought constantly to excel.

GRANDIOSE SCHEME

Chinese architecture reached a height of grandeur and magnificence in the Chin and Han dynasties, and one of the most grandiose schemes embarked upon by any of the great Emperors was Chin Shi Huang Ti's great palace of O Fang Kung, constructed on a site about 20 li south-west of Hsienyang, his ancestral capital.

The palace was erected within the park or hunting-ground of the Emperor and according to reliable early Han records 700,000 criminals and prisoners were employed at forced labour in its construction. The surrounding palace was said to have been of such dimensions that 10,000 persons could be easily assembled within it. Its grandeur

EGYPTIAN GOVERNMENT RESHUFFLE

CAIRO, June 5 (Reuters) — A Cabinet reshuffle is taking place here. Members of the Cabinet have submitted their resignations to the Premier, who in turn sent his resignation to King Farouk tonight.

It is understood that the re-forming of the Cabinet will be completed today under the same Premier and with the Saadist Party and Wafd still refusing to join the Cabinet.

While the Wafd will still remain outside the Cabinet, this is purely a question of internal politics and has nothing to do with external affairs.

The Wafd wants a general election held first before entering the National Government whereas other parties consider this undesirable in wartime.

The idea of further broadening the basis of the government is generally welcomed here.

and magnitude must have been of a degree hardly surpassed by the later palaces in Peking.

The whole structure was destroyed by fire toward the end of the dynasty, but its construction undoubtedly set a standard of palatial grandeur which later capital builders sought constantly to excel.

CONQUEROR'S PALACE

Kublai Khan, when he ordered the building of his great palace in Peking thought it better not to ignore traditional style and the square walls and twelve gates of the palace were all modelled after the Chinese plan, though the inner chambers and living quarters were often in the style of his own country or of his conquered territories.

It is revealed in the inscriptions on a contemporary memorial tablet that the chief architect of Kublai Khan's palaces, was an Arab who was appointed together with two Chinese to take charge of the building. There were many other foreigners serving in the court in different capacities, the chief of the sculptors being a native of Nepal.

REVIVAL UNDER WAY

There are architects today in China, Mr. Lee said, who are attempting to revive the spirit of Chinese architecture and adapt it in the design of modern buildings and some splendid work has lately been done in this connexion by Mr. Liang Shih-cheng, who studied at the University of Pennsylvania in his researches in Chinese architecture.

Some main features of Chinese architecture, Mr. Lee said, are a predominant horizontal effect, curved roofs and deep eaves, orielness of arrangement seen in the almost universal grouping of the principal buildings about great rectangular courts and in the marked adherence to axial planning, a gorgeous use of colour with stuccoed walls and painted columns, decorated lintels and brackets, and the bracket system of wood construction.

A Colonial Secretariat notification states that quarantine restrictions have been imposed against arrivals from Canton on account of cholera.

EMPIRE FLAG DAY

From an early hour to shortly after noon yesterday, members of the St. John Ambulance Brigade, Auxiliary Nursing Services and Nursing Division of H.K.V.D.C., were on the streets with their trays of flags and collection tins—the occasion being All-Empire Flag Day, sponsored by H. R. H. the Duke of Gloucester.

To judge by the speed with which the flags on many of the trays "disappeared," there should have been a record collection although the actual figures would not be known until today as many of the tins had not, up to last night, been counted.

FORTHCOMING WEDDINGS

The following forthcoming marriages were announced at the Registry, Supreme Court, yesterday.

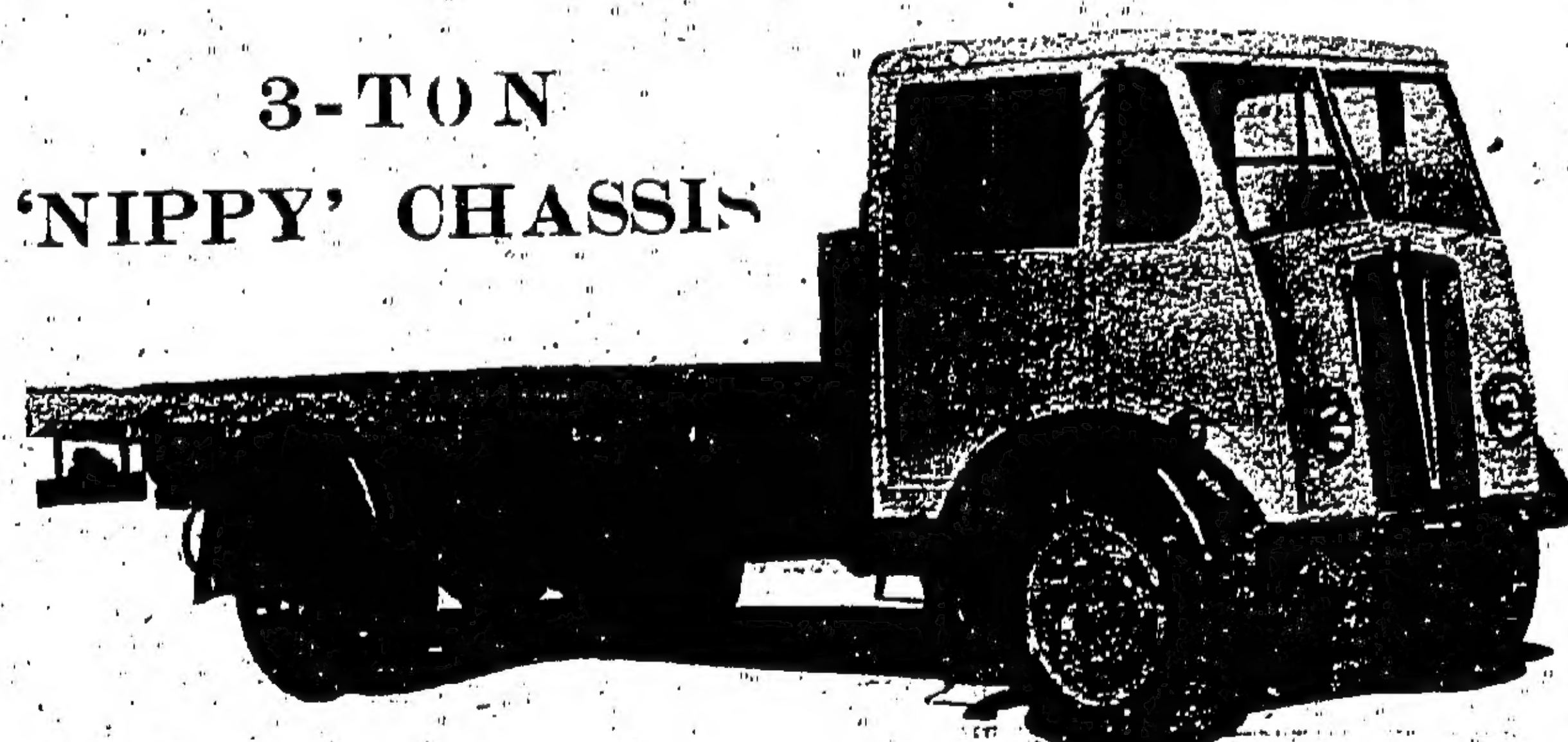
Mr. Wong Sun-man, merchant, of No. 97 High Street, and Miss Aileen Lee, of No. 21 Fung Fai Terrace, second floor;

Mr. Cuan Poo-way, merchant, of No. 68 South Wall Street, second floor, and Miss Kwok Tak-fung, of No. 82 Kai Yan Road, ground floor;

Mr. Tong Gam-chark, student, of No. 88 Stanton Street, and Miss Tsang Kwan-bon, student, of No. 93 Y Chau Street.

THORNYCROFT

3-TON 'NIPPY' CHASSIS



Aptly named the 'Nippy' for its quick get-away and high road performance, this new Thornycroft is available with 10' 1 1/2" and 12' 6" wheelbase in both normal and forward control types, has extremely economical 60 b.h.p. engine, 7 frame, Lockheed-operated Girling brakes, and space for bodies up to 15' 10" long, amongst its other fine features.

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Stands for Satisfaction

FOR FURTHER PARTICULARS

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St. George's Bldg., 1st Floor.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

LANE, CRAWFORD, LTD.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Nineteenth Ordinary Yearly Meeting of Shareholders will be held at Exchange Building, Hong Kong, on SATURDAY, 21st June, 1941 at ELEVEN O'CLOCK A.M.

The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from 10th June to 21st June, 1941, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
A. W. BROWN,
Manager.
Hong Kong, 3rd June, 1941.

TO ALL TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Trustees of the Chater (Cathedral) Endowment Fund and the Trustees of the Chater (St. Andrew's Church) Endowment Fund intend at an early date to apply to the Legislative Council of the Colony of Hong Kong for the enactment of a Bill intituled,

"An Ordinance to incorporate Trustees capable of holding property and empowered to administer two Trust Funds known as The Chater (Cathedral) Endowment Fund and The Chater (St. Andrew's Church) Endowment Fund for the purpose of assisting in the maintenance of St. John's Cathedral and St. Andrew's Church in this Colony."

DATED this Sixth day of June, 1941.

DEACONS.

Solicitors for the Trustees of The Chater (Cathedral) Endowment Fund and the Trustees of The Chater (St. Andrew's Church) Endowment Fund.

Will Manufacturers of Rubb erBoots

Communicate by Air Mail with

Greenham (Plant Sales) Co.

Engineers and Contractors' Tool Merchants

671, London Road

Isleworth, Middx., England.

Who are large buyers for Cash delivered England:

THE CANTON INSURANCE OFFICE LIMITED.

Notice to Shareholders.

The Sixtieth Ordinary Meeting of Shareholders will be held at the Offices of the undersigned on Wednesday, the 25th June, 1941, at Noon, for the purpose of receiving the Report of the General Agents, together with a statement of Accounts for the year ended the 31st December, 1940.

The Share Register and Transfer Books will be closed from the 11th June to the 25th June, 1941, both days inclusive.

JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LTD.,
General Agents,
Hong Kong, 4th June, 1941.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

THE RAUB AUSTRALIAN GOLD MINING COMPANY LIMITED.

(Incorporated in Queensland)

Notice of Declaration of First Interim Dividend.

NOTICE is hereby given that a First Interim Dividend of three pence per share for the financial year ending 31st March, 1942, has been declared by the Directors of the Company in Brisbane, payable on 27th June, 1941, to Shareholders on the Registers at Brisbane and Singapore on 26th June, 1941.

NOTICE is also hereby given that the Singapore Transfer Registers will be closed from Friday, 20th June, to Thursday, 26th June, 1941, both days inclusive, for the preparation of Dividend Warrants.

By Order of the Board,
DERRICK & CO.,
Chartered Accountants,
Local Secretaries,
Hongkong Bank Chambers,
Singapore, 24th May, 1941.

PUBLIC AUCTION

PARTICULARS AND CONDITIONS of the Sale by Public Auction to be held on Monday, the 5th day of June, 1941, at 3 p.m., at the Offices of the Public Works Department, by Order of His Excellency the Governor of one lot of Crown Land at Shamshuipo, in the Colony of Hong Kong for a term of 75 years, commencing from 1st July, 1898, with the option of renewal at a Crown Rent to be fixed by the Surveyor of His Majesty the KING, for one further term of 24 years less the last three days thereof.

Intending bidders are advised that immediately after the disposal of the lot the Purchaser (if not the applicant) will be required to deposit with an authorised officer who will be present at the sale, the sum of two hundred dollars, (\$200), in cash. This sum will be refunded on payment of the Purchase price.

PARTICULARS OF THE LOT

No. of Sale	Registry No.	Locality	Boundary Measurements	Contents in Square feet	Annual Rental	Upset Price
1	New Kowloon Infant Lee See Street	Chauk Road, and Camp Street, and Shamshuipo.	As per sale plan	Approx. 14,870	204	22,306

The purchaser of the lot will be required to pay to the auctioneer in cash the sum of \$2,230.00 (being 10% of the upset price) immediately after the fall of the hammer, the balance of the premium being paid in accordance with the Conditions of Sale.

HARBOUR RESCUE

While travelling from Hong Kong to Jordan Road on the Yaumati Vehicular ferry Man On last night, a 20-year-old Chinese male attempted to commit suicide by jumping overboard. He was rescued by Lau Cha and Chen Pui, seamen on board the ferry, and admitted to the Kowloon Hospital.

An exposition of Mr. Liang Wei's collection of Chinese Paintings under the joint auspices of the Association for the Advancement of Chinese Culture and the Sino-British Cultural Association will be held at the Fung Ping Shan Library, University of Hong Kong, on Saturday, June 7, from 10 a.m. to 6 p.m. All interested are welcome.

DEATH
HERRIDGE.—At the War Memorial Hospital on 5th June, 1941, Frank Gordon Herridge, aged 50. Funeral leaves monument at 5.30 this evening (Friday). No flowers by request. Donations to charities.

The Daily Press

Editorial and Business Office: 15-19, Queen's Road Central, Tel. 33225.
Night Editor (Wanchai Office): Tel. 24511.
London Office: 53, Fleet Street E.C.4.

HONGKONG, JUNE 6, 1941.

MEDITERRANEAN TEST NEAR

WHILE MUCH of the news coming from the Near East is in the unconfirmed stage and largely based on rumour, there is increasing evidence which tends to indicate that the next act in the Battle of the Mediterranean will take place in Syria. At the moment events appear to have developed there into a race between the Axis Powers and Britain for full possession of this important French territory, occupation of which by either side will have a vital bearing on the course of the war. The Vichy Government's pro-Nazi policy, which has now been made obvious to the whole world, has given the Germans the advantage of gaining an earlier foothold in Syria than the British and vigorous demands have arisen for a British coup before the Axis forces can strengthen their position to a formidable extent. Already reports speak of the Vichy authorities having agreed to place the port of Beirut, on the Lebanon coast, at the disposal of the German forces and the infiltration of Nazi troops, planes and war material into the country is stated to be daily increasing.

THE OCCUPATION of Mosul, at the head of the important oil pipe-line in Iraq and close to the Syrian frontier, by the British is taken in many quarters to mean that the British Government is making plans to forestall the Nazi occupation of Syria and, despite the Vichy statement that Syria will resist any such attempts "single-handed," as the report declares, there is little reason to doubt that any such resistance will be assisted by Germany. An open clash between Britain and Vichy thus appears to be imminent, but since the Vichy Government has acted with such treachery against her former ally, the niceties of former sentiment in the relations between France and Britain have now to be completely disregarded. What is most important is that any action Britain might take in this connexion will have the whole-hearted approval of not only the people of the whole British Empire, but of the United States as well, for the Americans clearly realise today that only their all-out assistance to Britain and her allies can enable the latter to go all-out in their determination to win final victory.

IN WASHINGTON the developments in the Eastern Mediterranean are being followed with close attention and by every act, word and gesture during recent weeks, the United States Government has disclosed that it has fully made up its mind concerning the war—that Herr Hitler and his associates

VERNON BARTLETT

Loss Of Crete Gives The Germans Chance To Keep Britain Guessing

The loss of Crete was commented on by MR. VERNON BARTLETT, M.P., when he broadcast from London on Wednesday in the series "BRITAIN SPEAKS."

There was a tendency at Home, said the journalist-M.P., for people to say that the loss of Crete did not matter very much. He would not even pretend that it was so, for the loss of this Island did mean that the Germans got a chance of keeping Britain guessing.

AN AMAZING YEAR

From Crete they could attack either towards Baghdad and India or towards Alexandria and the Suez Canal.

Mr. Bartlett then took his listeners' minds back for a moment over what he described as an amazing year.

Exactly a year ago, he said, Hitler was achieving a great victory, but its psychological value was lost by the obstinacy of the British people not to be beaten. Guns were shelling the British Expeditionary Force on the beaches of Dunkirk. The soldiers were so tired that their blood-soaked socks and boots had to be cut away from their feet.

A year ago the German Radio was protesting against what it described as propaganda for a so-called brilliant retreat. How brilliant the retreat was had since been proved.

IMPORTANT POINT

There was always one point at which Mr. Churchill drew the line, said Mr. Bartlett, and that was that he refused to send over to France air squadrons that were absolutely necessary for the defence of our aircraft factories.

In the great speech Mr. Churchill made just a year ago—the first of a series since he became Prime Minister—he said that we would go on fighting on the beaches, in the air, on land and in the streets. We were determined to fight it necessary for years and, if necessary, alone. They did not realise at the time of hearing

must not be allowed to win. The importance of the Syrian issue is recognised in America just as it is in Britain and the incessant demand for action to avoid any further setbacks is justified. In Herr Hitler's plan to oust the British from the Mediterranean, Syria is vital to him. With large forces in Syria he would be able to threaten Iraq and Palestine and his projected drive to the Suez Canal would be made easier. While the British Fleet in the Mediterranean still forms the greatest obstacle to these plans, there is no doubt that the British forces now operating in that area should have the fullest assistance and co-operation from the air.

THE EXPERIENCE of Crete has made this amply clear and it is here that America's all-out assistance to Britain in the matter of aircraft has become increasingly necessary. American naval power is now being used as far as it is necessary to insure the speedy and safe arrival of war supplies to Britain, but more planes for the Royal Air Force is the greatest need at the moment. With the resources at their disposal, the Royal Air Force has already made several successful attempts to put Germany's plans out of step in Syria, where important depots, aerodromes and concentrations have been bombed, but when the test comes, air power will have to play a much bigger part to help the ground forces to meet the offensive which Germany is now preparing. If this is assured, the result should never for a moment be in doubt.

the speech how soon France would go out of the war.

Who would have realised, Mr. Bartlett asked, that the past twelve months would have seen the United States converted from neutrality to such an active part in the war?

All the events he had gone over, Mr. Bartlett said, explained the tragedy of Greece and of Crete.

A YEAR AGO

A year ago, Britain was so nearly down and out. We lost 1,000 guns in France and we could not hope to make good the loss in a few months.

In the interval that had elapsed, however, Hitler had not been able to capture three of the most important gateways—the Suez Canal, Gibraltar and the seas round Singapore.

"We may not have yet come to the end of the series of evacuations," went on Mr. Bartlett, "which means we may not have yet begun to win the war."

But with each German victory the enthusiasm inside Germany was less, because they realised that even the invasion of England would not necessarily mean the end of the war.

THE NEAR EAST

Mr. Bartlett then referred to a radio commentator who dealt with an interesting and significant argument as to why Hitler, after assuring Mr. Chamberlain that he would have no more territorial claims following the return of Sudetenland, should now have so much interest in Iraq and the Near East.

Japan surely would be impressed by German successes in Asia, but would stake her claim in the Netherlands East Indies before the redoubtable Nazis got there. Russia would probably be offered provinces in North Iran.

If British troops had not been landed in Iraq, the line along which they would have had to fight would have been very awkwardly extended to British communications in the Eastern Mediterranean and Germany would have attacked through Suez as well as through the Startis of Gibraltar. But Crete stood in her way and Cyprus still stands in her path.

CANADIAN SOLDIER CHARGED

BURTON, HANTS.—Pte. Patrick Michael Harvey, 30, a Canadian soldier, appeared before a general court-martial and pleaded not guilty to two charges of begging to the prejudice of good order and military discipline. He admitted two charges of being absent without leave.

The prosecution stated that Harvey absented himself and the next day was arrested when begging from civilians in Pledcilly-circus. He again absented himself and the next day was re-arrested when begging at the Regent Palace Hotel.

George Lane and William Frank Harrington, inquiry superintendents at the hotel, said they heard Harvey speaking to a resident and asking him for 7s. 6d., which the man refused to give him.

He then spoke to a Polish officer, who gave him a £1 note and some loose money. Harvey then went into the Winter Garden and begged for a drink.

TRAFFIC MISHAPS

A nine-year-old child, Kwok Chui-wan, of No. 40 Wuhu Street, yesterday received cuts and bruises on her forehead as a result of being knocked down by a bus, No. 888 in Mau Ta Wei Road, near the Hunghom Police Station.

Sergeant Burkitt of the Midsex Regiment, Nanking Barracks, was involved in a traffic accident, when the motor-cycle on which he was riding, struck a Sanitary Department coolie, Toi Wan, near the Kowloon Motor Bus Company in Castle Peak Road, yesterday.

The coolie was sent to the Kowloon Hospital.

HITLER LOSING BATTLE OF TIME IN SPITE OF HIS MANY SUCCESSES

Describing the sinking of the Bismarck as the most significant event of the past week, SIR FREDERICK WHYTE, K.C.S.I., former Political Adviser to the National Government of China, declared, in a broadcast from London on Wednesday that this sinking was a sign that in spite of his many successes Herr Hitler was losing the battle of time.

At the outset of his talk, Sir Frederick declared that the past week had been full of drama. Never even in the history of this war of swiftly moving events had the story of the struggle been so lit up by such highlights in the East and in the West.

Sir Frederick detailed the principal events of the week from the sinking of the Hood and the Bismarck up to the meeting between Herr Hitler and Signor Mussolini at Brenner Pass in order to see what they could do next.

"Here, in Britain, we have to take the measure of these events as part of the whole picture and we have to look at that picture in its light and shadows to draw from it the true moral, if we can find it," said Sir Frederick.

TURNING POINT

"Every judge of the war knows that the year 1941 is the critical turning point. Nearly half of the year has passed and during these six months three battles have been waged—firstly, the Battle of the Mediterranean, secondly, the Battle of the Atlantic which has been lit up now by the Hood and the Bismarck, and thirdly, the Battle of Britain.

"Beyond these three theatres of war is the wider theatre in which Moscow, Tokyo and Washington are acting their varied parts. The part played by these three—Mr. Stalin, Mr. Matsukata and President Roosevelt—are largely decided by them in battle areas in which none of them are directly engaged. None of these three are in the war though it may be said that the Americans are in it short of an actual declaration.

"What do they say and how do they keep up with the dramatic events of the past week?" continued Sir Frederick. "I am not going to tell you the story of the past ten days again, but there is something to be said about the relation of the three battles to each other. They form a test case in the struggle between two great antagonists.

THE SAME STORY

"We know what happened previously when the greatest land-power and the greatest sea-power were ranged against each other. Napoleon held land-power, as Herr Hitler does now, but he could not continue to hold it. The weapon of sea-power finally struck the sword of conquest from Napoleon's grasp. We believe that history will tell the same story again, but we are well aware that it is the same story with a difference.

"Napoleon planned one of the greatest designs of the war in 1894 when he wanted to invade England. He knew he had only one enemy to fear and that if he could send his army across the narrow seas and beat this enemy, the world would be at his feet.

"He could not do it, so he turned eastwards. Today, Herr Hitler has the same dream. He, too, must strike like Napoleon at the British Isles which are the base of resistance to him. Like Napoleon, he does not rule the seas, but, unlike Napoleon, he wields a weapon which has double the fighting power that Napoleon had—he still has numerical superiority in the air.

SAME POSITION

"The combination of these two weapons of land and air power has been demonstrated in Greece and in Crete. But, up to the moment I am talking about, the net result has been to bring Herr Hitler almost to the same position in which Napoleon stood."

Sir Frederick declared that there were differences between the Napoleonic war and this war, which made a parallel inexact. Napoleon had tried to invade Britain before the Mediterranean campaign.

"Herr Hitler is already in the Mediterranean and we may have to fight another Battle of the Nile before the Battle of the Mediterranean is over. What remains to be seen is whether air-power can do for Herr Hitler what Napoleon could not do without it."

Sir Frederick declared that Germany's air-power against England last autumn had failed, and the Germans had withdrawn from daylight warfare to ponder on the lessons they had learned. Now they came by night and it was many weeks before the British were able to meet with any success against

ADVANTAGE SMALLER

"In the light of these figures, the advantage which Herr Hitler seemed to have over Napoleon in the task of attacking England grows smaller and Herr Hitler's advantage over us diminishes for the same reason," said Sir Frederick. "The margin between us is getting narrower. We may have to suffer further setbacks and reverses before we can defeat him, but nothing calamitous can happen so long as we hold control of the seas. Our sea-power has gained us precious time to replace our lost equipment and our sea-power is keeping open the gate through which the Dominions and the United States are coming to our aid."

Sir Frederick declared that all these were dramatic events of the past week, but the sinking of the Bismarck was the most significant. "Not for a moment do I forget the gallant struggle put up by General Freyberg and his men and the plucky 'Cretans' themselves," continued Sir Frederick, "but the flaming, smoking and sinking Bismarck was most significant, because it shows where the key to victory lies. In every neutral heart it has checked the fear of Nazi power and it was followed by President Roosevelt's talk like a flash at the right moment and raised the name of England high in the United States."

LOSS OF HOOD

"Here at home we felt at first the shock of the loss of the Hood. A great ship of 1,300 officers and men was sent down before it was known that they had not died in vain. That is the price of our security. Mr. Churchill promised us blood and sweat and tears and the sea fulfilled this promise when these men died."

"The Bismarck was also a great ship—indeed a much greater ship—and also manned by gallant men. But we did not stop to balance the gain or loss in tonnage or fighting strength. We see in her destruction new proof that we can, and will, keep the seas open for what we need. That traffic grows and swells, paying toll sometimes, but never stopping."

"That gives us final superiority in all three elements—the air, the land and the sea. The Bismarck is a sign that in spite of his many successes, Herr Hitler is losing the battle of time. The Nazi Ambassador to Vichy, Herr Abetz, said recently that Napoleon learned to be afraid of space in the case of Russia, but that he was afraid of time in the case of England. Herr Abetz seems to have realised even before the Bismarck was sunk that his master was losing the battle of time," concluded Sir Frederick.

ATTEMPTED TO DESERT

CLERMONT-FERRAND.—A court-martial held here sentenced to a year's imprisonment eleven Pilot-Sergeants from North African bases of the French air force who, in July 1940, attempted to desert.

In his summing up, the Prosecutor, taking into account the fact that the men had expressed regrets for their action, asked for a "humane judgment for the serious misdemeanour of these young men."

Nine of the accused were defended by Maître Pierre Weiss, member of the Algiers bar, who is none other than the General Weiss of World War fame who served brilliantly in the air force.

YAUMATI FIRE

A lighter, No. 3433, owned by Po Kwai-sing, caught fire yesterday at Yaumati. The timely arrival of a fireboat prevented the flames from spreading. Very slight damage was, however, done to the cargo on board and to the junk.

Nazi Propaganda A Failure: Facts Too Strong For Hitler

An analysis of the reason why Nazi propaganda is failing today and why it was so successful before the outbreak of the war was made recently over Station XCDN by MR. JOHN HARFORD, in one of his series of talks, "As I See It," reports the North China Daily News.

Before the war the Nazis were able to tell the German people what they wanted to hear, they were able to point to successes won in many different fields. Now, however, they cannot tell the German people what they want to hear. They cannot say that Germany is invincible or that the war will be won in a short while.

Mr. Harford's talk follows:—

How amusing it is to realize what can be done and what has been done by propaganda with modern methods, especially when used upon receptive material like the herd-loving sentimental Germans.

Imagine the fine flower of modern propaganda—a Nazi mass meeting—during the years leading up to the outbreak of war; these meetings followed a well recognized pattern, but how effective that pattern was!

THEATRICAL EFFECTS

The vast hall impressively draped and lit. The expectant crowds worked into a frenzy by martial music and community singing. The uniformed youths, with their banners. Finally the climax when at a signal, the lights go dim and the lonely figure of the Führer, picked out by a spotlight, steps forward from black curtains, and the well prepared mass of people is swept away by his fierce oratory into an orgy of hatred and stupidity.

If you analyse this performance you will find that its success was due to three conditions. The speaker succeeded, first because his audience wanted to hear the things he was telling them; they wanted to hear that the defeat of Germany in battle and her sufferings after the war were not due to any failures or shortcomings of the German race as expressed in their actions leading up to the last war and subsequently, but were due to the treachery of Jews, Communists, Pacifists, Democrats—any label the speaker found it convenient to apply at any particular meeting.

He succeeded, second, because all elements of criticism and all differences of opinion were carefully excluded, leaving only one impression—unanimity and devotion to the movement—and only one ideal—power.

The whole set up of parades and applause, skilfully organised to give an irresistible effect, were designed to impress the people with a feeling of overwhelming power and an uncomfortable realisation that a strong physical force was lurking in the background ready to deal with anyone who dared to interrupt or express contrary views.

APPEALED TO FACTS

He succeeded, thirdly, and I am speaking, remember, of the prewar period—because he was appealing to facts. He was able to point to actions that seemed at the time, and were, incredible; and was able to acclaim them as speaking louder than words—his own hysterical emotional state of words. No wonder they applauded, the poor sheep, when he flourished before them the successful rearmament of Germany; the remilitarisation of the Rhineland; the rape of Austria, the seizure of Czechoslovakia.

They didn't reason, they didn't look ahead. They merely said "Ahi!" with fawning unanimity when he produced these rabbits out of a tin hat as proofs of Germany's invincibility.

These three conditions have been the necessary basis for all Fascist and Nazi propaganda—a receptive audience, an impression of power, and the corroboration of facts.

Hitler's power, Mussolini's power, any dictator's power is based upon the clever combination and use of these conditions, but this type of propaganda has its obvious weak points. Nothing succeeds like success, and nothing fails so completely or so rapidly as the propaganda that lacks one or more

MORE POWERFUL THAN BISMARCK

WASHINGTON, June 5 (Reuter)—High naval commanders had conferences yesterday with Colonel Frank Knox, Secretary for Navy, and Admiral Harold R. Stark, Chief of Naval Operations. Col. Knox told journalists that the new American battleships North Carolina and Washington would greatly exceed the power of the German battleship Bismarck.

"Our armour is better and our guns larger."

of these so essential and convincing props.

CONDITIONS NOT APPLICABLE

Consider a Nazi mass meeting held today. Ask yourselves which of the three conditions I have mentioned are present? You will find that the answer is, none of them.

The speaker cannot tell his audience things they want to hear, for what they want to hear is that the so unaccountably prolonged Blitzkrieg has succeeded. They want to hear that the end is in sight. They want to hear that they themselves need expect to suffer no more, and that they need not fear another winter of hardship, poverty and death. What do they hear? The only conquests he mentions are those on the Continent of Europe the value of which they have learned to discount. As far as the end is concerned Hitler has even given up proclaiming each year as the year of victory. As far as suffering is concerned, he may censor the outgoing reports, but he cannot censor the suffering of those who have to endure it.

Then what of the impression of irresistible force that achieved such miracles of conformity? So little was needed to shake that feeling and so much has occurred.

Not only has a hostile Air Force appeared in the skies that were alleged to be inviolable but they have penetrated wherever and whenever they have chosen, they have rained destruction on those industries that were said to be so safe from attack, they have shaken the confidence not only of the sheep who seemed to have absorbed the Nazi lesson so satisfactorily but also of the leaders themselves, the teachers from whom they had it. Is it conceivable that criticism can be stifled in the light of these events?

REAL FACTS LACKING

And where are the facts that were to speak for themselves? Much can be done, it is true, in a totalitarian country where all the means of news dissemination can be controlled, but for facts to speak for themselves, they have to be real, not manufactured. Real facts are that the war which was to have ended last year is still going on as the British Prime Minister said it would be, that German armies have penetrated no further outside the Continent of Europe than the territory of vassal Italy, that hostile air squadrons daily rain destruction on Germany's largest cities and best guarded industrial areas. These facts may not be written in Germany, they may not be spoken, but they are very thoroughly understood.

Political power depends upon the loyalty of men, and the loyalty of men can be enlisted in three ways; by an appeal to sympathy, by an appeal to fear, and by an appeal to reason.

AXIS METHODS

Each of these methods have been used by the Axis Dictators at the right moment. They have captured the sympathy of their people by appealing to the intense passions of nationalism, by telling their people the things they wanted to hear. When the machinery of Government had been captured by these means, they used the appeal to fear, brute force, cruelty, sadism. Then when all opposition had been cowed they came out with the appeal to reason by displaying their impressive record of achievements.

These methods, as I have said, depended on success for their ascendancy, and that success is now lacking. Nazi and Fascist propaganda has exhausted itself and the field is clear for the quiet voice of truth.

What more, overwhelming proof could be needed that the mirror of illusion is shattered than the defection—the escape—of Rudolph Hess, No 3 in the hierarchy of Nazism, incorruptible and uncompromising "Party Member Hess."

We know that Hitler's skilfully contrived "Propaganda Pattern" has been disrupted, and remember that this has been done by actual achievements by the facts that have been made real by the forces of Great Britain and her Allies.

BOMB DAMAGE TO BRITISH HOMES

LONDON BOROUGH CHIEF SUFFERERS

LONDON, June 5 (BWS)—Interesting figures relating to bomb damage to house property were given by the Minister of Health yesterday when he disclosed that as many as 80,000 men had been mobilised by the local authorities throughout the country in repair squads.

London, Mr. Ernest Brown said, has suffered twice as much damage to private houses as the rest of the country put together but in most London districts damaged houses have received first aid repairs.

Giving a typical example of the damage done to more vulnerable London boroughs, Mr. Brown said of 49,000 houses comprising one such borough 3,423 have been destroyed or damaged beyond repair, 19,240 damaged but repairable of which about 5,000 could not be made fit by first aid repairs.

Taking the country as a whole, more than 80 per cent. of repairable houses have been made wind and water-tight and work on this was being speeded up.

Last week, over 39,000 houses were so treated in London alone.

WRAPPED IN OBSCURITY

Continued from Page 1

both ends of the Mediterranean."

Major Murray declared that the terms of the last agreement between Admiral Darlan and Herr Hitler were stated to include the permanent use by Germany of naval bases in the French colonies. That showed the worth of the so-called defence of the French Colonial empire.

Gen. Dentz had declared that the French will defend their colonies single-handed and so she would. Germany thought the whole idea was marvellous because they knew that it meant only the defence against Britain.

NEXT TARGET

"I would say that Syria is Germany's next target," continued Major Murray. "From there she will be much more easily placed to attack Cyprus. Don't get the idea that we are not very wide awake there. General Wavell has the complex situation at his fingertips and we can trust him, to do the right thing, at the right time and at the right place."

Major Murray concluded by referring to the bright light in the situation as seen in the occupation of Mosul by the British troops. The British now had troops close to the Syrian-Turkish frontier. It was not yet known to what extent the Germans had penetrated there but the Vichy Government had already been warned about what to expect if any detrimental act to the British prosecution of the war was done.

Mr. Eden had declared that people should be careful not to confuse the will of the Vichy Government with the will of the French people.

From their long experience the French people had learned to loath and despise their oppressor. The sad thing was that there did not seem to be a spark of this hatred in the Vichy Government, which, prodded by the German bayonet, controlled France.

WHERE DOES JAPAN STAND WITH THAI?

BANGKOK, June 5 (Reuter)—Where does Japan stand with Thailand? This question was obliquely answered by the SRIKRUNG which is known to reflect nationalist Thai opinion.

The paper contests the Japanese assertion that Britain dominates Thailand's national economy because she has the lion's share of Thai export and import trade.

If in future Japan steps in Britain's shoes, it will not mean that Japanese influence will penetrate every nook of the Thai commerce industry.

Proceeding, the Srikrung says that with the fall of France Thailand ceased to be a buffer state between Britain and France, but it seems that Thailand has not escaped the doubtful benefits of being a buffer state as Japan has stepped in France's place.

RUBBER ESTATES

How the Japanese have been

CLAIM BY BELGIAN GOVT.

LONDON, June 5 (Reuter)—A claim for \$52,000,000 has been made by the Belgian Government on the French Government, according to the Belgian Finance Minister who has returned to England from the United States.

The claim is for gold deposited with the Bank of France by the Belgian Government.

The case will be up for hearing by an American tribunal.

Considerable, Widespread Air Activity Over Britain

LONDON, June 5 (Reuter)—Three enemy bombers were destroyed during Tuesday night, according to an Air Ministry communique referring to enemy air activity over Britain which it describes as "considerable and widespread."

The communique says: "Bombs were dropped in the Midlands and South-East."

"The number of casualties was not large and extensive damage has been done."

"Bombs also fell at points in the North-West, East Anglia and in the London area."

"Some damage was done in these districts and a small number of persons were reported injured."

Spare Time Training Plan For Airmen

LONDON, June 5 (BWS)—Since the inauguration of the Empire Air Scheme, 180,455 men have applied to enlist in the Royal Australian Air Force and it is announced that the Federal Cabinet has approved the spare time training plan which puts members of the R.A.A.F. in skilled occupations after the war.

The scheme, costing \$50,000 per year, will assist skilled men to refresh the knowledge of former occupations and help others to secure suitable work.

North-East Scotland Bombed, Strafed

LONDON, June 5 (BWS)—An Air Ministry and Ministry of Home Security communique states:—

"This afternoon an enemy aircraft dropped bombs at a place on the north-east coast of Scotland and machine-gunned other points nearby causing some damage and injuring a small number of people. "Three enemy bombers were destroyed in raids on this country last night."

"It is now known that a third enemy bomber was destroyed during the night of May 30-31."

GERMAN SEAPLANES OVER GOTLAND

STOCKHOLM, June 5 (Reuter)—Several German seaplanes yesterday morning flew over Swedish territory on the western coast of the island of Gotland. It was officially announced.

They were driven off by anti-aircraft fire.

The island of Gotland lies in the Baltic, off the southern tip of Sweden.

REQUISITIONING OF FAR EAST LINERS

TOKYO MYSTIFIED AT U.S. ACTION

TOKYO, June 5 (Reuter)—Japanese shipping circles are apparently mystified at the withdrawal of four American President liners from the Far East as reportedly ordered by the United States Government.

Information reaching a local Japanese shipping company from San Francisco states the United States Government requisitioned 16 vessels including four President liners which hitherto had been on the Far Eastern run.

Japanese circles are at a loss to determine whether the requisition had been designed as a precautionary measure against worst eventually in the Pacific in view of the increasingly tense relations between Japan and the United States, or as a means to facilitate the transportation of American goods.

There is, however, said to be no intention on the part of Japanese companies to make any change in the present routing of Japanese vessels on the American run.

BRITAIN'S WAR EXPERIENCES: REPORT

WASHINGTON, June 5 (Reuter)—Mr. J. G. Winant, United States Ambassador to Britain, returned, with a complete report of Britain's war experiences as available to United States military observers. It is learned authoritatively.

The report is said to cover not only military experiences but details regarding British economy, food situation and social background.

Mr. Winant told the Press at an interview: "The British have made available through the Embassy to this Government their war experiences. It is of great military value in preparing a nation to defend democracy."

Warehouse Workers In N.Y. Strike

NEW YORK, June 5 (Reuter)—Labour leaders are now agreed that the strike of 1,400 warehouse workers in New York's 74 dry and cold storage warehouses will not interfere with the movement of goods for Britain.

The warehouses have millions of dollars worth of defence materials for Britain which, it was first announced, had been immobilised.

The strikers are demanding an increase in wages.

EMIR ABDULLAH'S CONGRATULATIONS

LONDON, June 5 (Reuter)—Emir Abdullah of Trans-Jordan has sent a message of congratulations to the British Government on the collapse of the rebellion undertaken by Rashid Ali and his followers in Iraq, "without thereby affecting the spirit of friendship which exists between the Arabs and British."

REGENT ATTACKED

JERUSALEM, June 5 (Reuter)—It is now revealed that the Regent of Iraq was bombed and machine-gunned repeatedly throughout his four-day journey from an airfield in Iraq to Baghdad.

N.E.I. REPLY

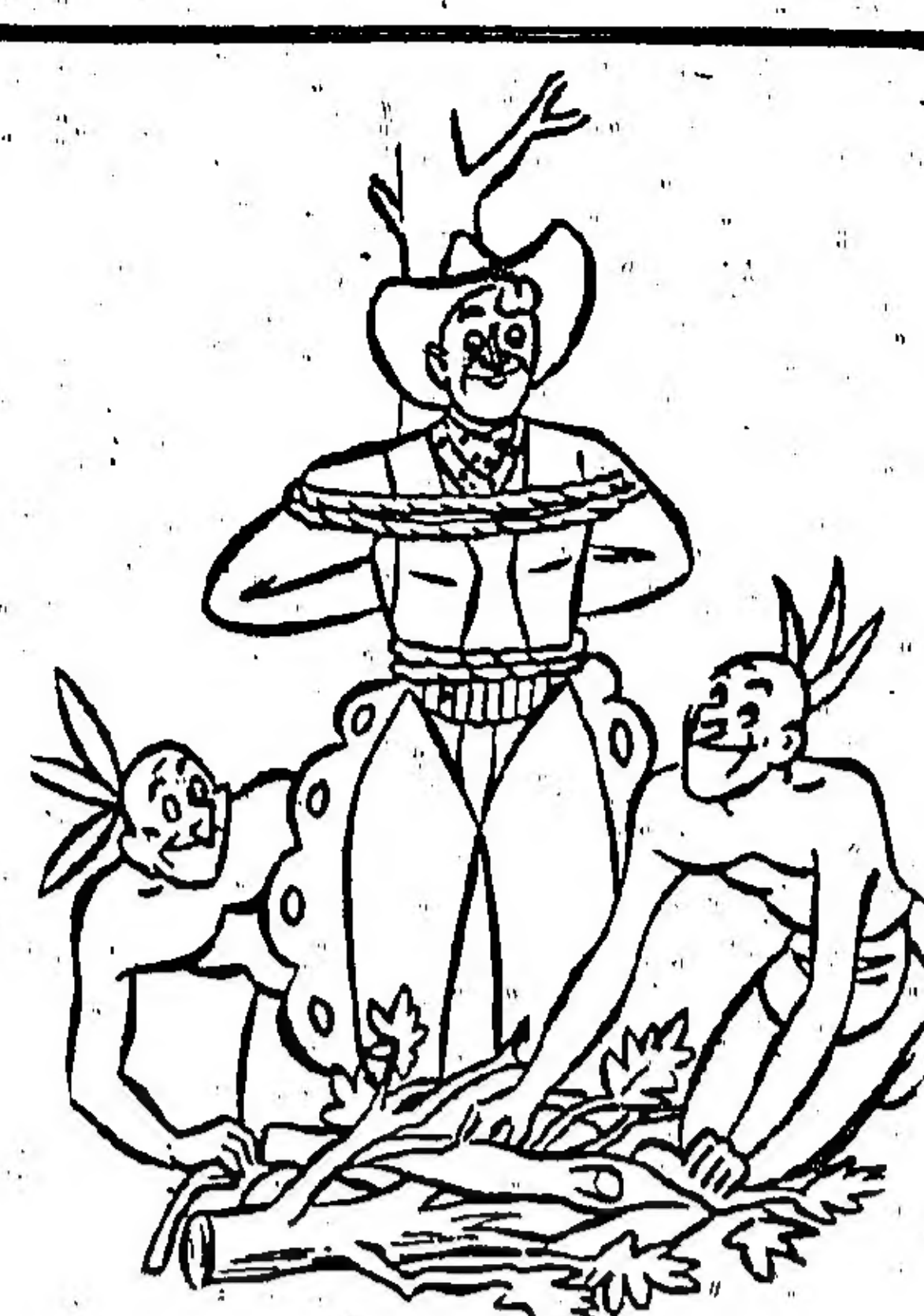
BATAVIA, June 5 (Reuter)—The answer of the Netherlands Government to the economic proposals submitted by the Japanese will be handed over to Mr. Yoshizawa, Chief of the Japanese delegation, tomorrow at 10 a.m. in the presence of both delegations.

No official publication whatever about the contents of the answer is expected.

EVACUATION OFFICE SET UP IN COLONY

SHUIKWAN, June 5 (Reuter)—In view of the steadily worsening of the international situation and in order to save the Chinese in Hongkong and Macao of possible losses caused by the war, the Kwangtung Provincial Government has decided to organise a committee for the evacuation of the Chinese from the two ports.

It has also decided to set up an office at Hongkong, Macao and other suitable place to attend to the affairs of evacuation.



A famous cowboy named Blake By Indians was tied to a stake, When they lighted a fire, "If I never perspire, In Jockeys" was all that he spoke.

YOU, TOO, CAN KEEP COOL II

Jockey
UNDERWEAR

The coolest underwear we know of, and it gives you more downright masculine comfort, too. Come in today and get yours.



CHINA EMPORIUM

CONDITIONS IN DENMARK UNDER NAZI RULE DESCRIBED

AN INTERESTING INSIGHT INTO CONDITIONS IN DENMARK, UNDER NAZI OCCUPATION, was given in a broadcast talk from London yesterday by a Danish resident, who spoke of the many hardships that the Danes were experiencing.

"If the Nazis expected the Danes to accept them as friends," he said, "they have been bitterly disappointed."

The speaker quoted extracts from a Swedish newspaper which declared that the invaders had not got closer to the real Denmark owing to the icy attitude of the Danes. The Germans had only revived a great deal of anti-German feeling in the country.

GERMANS VERY LONELY

The Germans in occupation were really very lonely, as the man-in-the-street always cut them. Another newspaper declared that these foreigners could threaten and frighten the Danes, but their resistance was insurmountable. The Danes wished to remain Danes.

All the evidence available went to show that the Germans had gained nothing in Denmark and a wave of intense patriotism had spread throughout the country. The invaders had promised that the occupation would not be of a military nature, but that promise, like all other promises made by the Germans, had been completely disregarded.

The speaker went on to describe the strict censorship that was imposed on foreign news. Herr Hitler and Signor Mussolini could not be called dictators. The Nazi war lords had deprived the Danish Parliament of its ablest members. They had even tried to remove the Prime Minister from office, but had failed.

KING CHRISTIAN

"King Christian has proved to be the strongest opponent of the Nazis," continued the speaker. "He is the true symbol of Danish nationality. He was never more respected by his fellow countrymen than after April 9 last year and he has spared his country many humiliations."

The speaker declared that the Parliamentary elections in the

spring of 1939 showed the Danish attitude. The Nazis had only obtained three out of 140 seats in the Lower House.

The saddest chapter of the story was that when the Germans decided to occupy Denmark with military force, it was not only to gain control of important strategic positions at the entrance to the Baltic, but to secure for themselves Denmark's agricultural products. A large part of Denmark's livestock had been killed and according to official figures, the production of milk had been reduced by 35 to 40 per cent.

Egg production was now only one-third of what it used to be. There were no stocks of butter in the country. Not only did the Germans refuse to pay cash for what they purchased, but they also refused to make payment in kind in the shape of fuel, war materials, etc. Danish credit in Berlin was therefore mounting up.

LIFEBOAT SERVICE HAS QUIET MONTH

LONDON, June 5 (BWS)—May has been the quietest month for lifeboat service since the war began. Boats were launched 50 times to vessels in distress and 27 lives were saved.

There were three times as many launches and twice as many lives saved as an average for May in the years of peace.

MUNIFICENT N.Z. DONATION

WELLINGTON, June 5 (Reuter)—The New Zealand Patriotic Organisations Conference decided to send £100,000 to Britain for the relief of air-raid distress.

LAMMERTS AUCTIONS

PUBLIC AUCTION

THE Undersigned have received instructions

to sell by

PUBLIC AUCTION

on

Friday, the 6th June, 1941.

commencing at 2.30 p.m.

at their Sales Room, No. 35, Hankow Road, Kowloon.

A QUANTITY OF VALUABLE HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE

comprising:

Teakwood, Bed Room, Dining Room, Drawing Room, Office and Rattan Furniture, Porcelain, Glass, Brass and E. P. Ware, Rugs, Carpets, Gramophones & Records, Electric Lamps, Pictures, Ornaments, Cutlery, Gas & Cooking Stoves, Kitchen Utensils, etc., etc.

also

A QUANTITY OF BLACKWOOD FURNITURE

and

- 1 Grand Piano
- 1 Bed Room Suite
- 1 "Philco" Radio
- 1 "Philips" Radio (all wave)

On View from Thursday, the 5th June, 1941.

Terms: Cash on Delivery.

LAMMERT BROS. AUCTIONEERS

VOCATIONAL EDUCATION ASSOCIATION

To popularise vocational education among the Chinese in Hongkong, the National Association of Vocational Education is planning to establish a branch here shortly.

Talks in this regard, it is learned, were held between Mr. Huang Yen-pai, founder and Chairman of the association, when he visited Hongkong about a month ago, and Mr. Chien, Chairman of the Board of Directors of the Association, and other persons concerned. A preparatory committee was formed with Messrs. Huang Po-chiao, Wang Chin-hsin, Pan Niang-yao, Huang Ting-hui, Wu Hsin-chen and several others as members.

When established, the branch will set up vocational and primary schools in Hongkong and Kowloon, organise an Overseas Service Department to give advice and guidance to overseas Chinese returning to China and to assist them in finding employment and in making capital investments.

A Hongkong edition of the "State News," a periodical published by the Association, will also be published.

An initial fund of H.K.\$30,000 has been tentatively fixed for the branch.

The Association was first established in Shanghai in 1917 with the purpose of spreading vocational education and improving agrarian life. In 1925, the Association established a library in Shanghai and in 1932, it started the publication of the "State News" which contained articles on China, character building, self-study and other subjects. More than 5,000 people have been benefited by the association during its 24 years of services.

Following the fall of Shanghai towards the end of 1937, the Association was removed to Chungking.

MAGISTRATE DETAINED

Lin Miao, magistrate of Puning, suspected of corruption during his term of office as magistrate of Loting, has been summoned to Shikwan by General Li Han-yun, Chairman of the Kwangtung Provincial Government, who after interrogation, ordered that he be detained and court-martialed. (Central News).

Round The Police Courts

AT CENTRAL

BOARDED CAR

Alleged to have been found inside Mr. G. Merriman's car No. 2884 at Upper Albert Road, Ng Suk-kei, 23, unemployed, of no fixed abode, was charged with attempted larceny of motorcar fittings before Mr. Lowry yesterday.

Det.-Sgt. J. R. Sykes said that on Tuesday at 2 p.m., defendant was seen by a houseboy of the St. Paul's College Hostel, outside which the car was parked, inside the vehicle. He was taken to Central Police Station, where he admitted having boarded the car with intent to steal.

Sentence of one month's hard labour was imposed.

ACCOUNTANT CHARGED

An accountant of the Central Meat and Dairy Supply Company, Fernando Antonio Ozorio, 33, of No. 112, Austin Road, second floor, appeared before Mr. G. T. Lowry yesterday on a charge accused of having fraudulently converted \$660.97 of the firm's money.

It was alleged that he converted to his own use the sum entrusted to him by Mr. A. G. Dalziel, manager of the company, on Jan. 2 to pay to the Kau Kee Meat Store at Central Market to settle an account.

The case was remanded for defendant to engage a solicitor, bail being allowed at \$1,000.

Det. Sub-Inspr. J. O'Donovan is in charge of the case.

INTIMIDATION CASE

Further evidence was recorded at the resumed hearing before Major Macfadyen yesterday of the intimidation charge against 12 persons, including six revenue officers and two women.

Defendants were Mo Kang, Senior Revenue Officer; Leung Ching, C. R. O. 77; Pau Chi-yin, C. R. O. 51; Ip Yuk, C. R. O. 160; Mo Yiu-kong, junior draughtsman; Mo Kwan-pok, draughtsman; Yu Yuk-jin, married woman; Lui Wai, shop master; Lai Yeung, shop master; and Li Lo-se, woman.

They were alleged to have threatened Chu Pak-yuen, 29, merchant, of No. 109, Des Voeux Road Central, third floor, with injury with intent to alarm him.

Mr. Alfred S. K. Lau assisted by Det.-Sgt. W. Summers, conducted the prosecution, while defendants, with the exception of the eleventh, who was defended by Mr. S. Ng Quinn, were represented by Mr. M. A. Silva.

Ho Lai-chen, the wife of complainant, in evidence yesterday, said that eighth and ninth defendants owed her \$50. This money was given to her husband, who in turn handed it to eighth defendant.

Witness alleged that ninth defendant once told her: "If you want your money back, Mo Kang (first defendant) will give it to you. Mo is a chief detective, if you dare to collect the money from me."

The case was adjourned to today at 2.30 p.m.

POSSESSION OF DAGGERS

Two Filipino seamen were bound over by Major A. N. Macfadyen yesterday in the sum of \$5 each to be of good behaviour for six months on a charge of unlawful possession of daggers.

Defendants were Carbo Tranquilina, 30, and Pridio Sulhan, 25. Sub-Inspr. W. L. Clark said that on Wednesday at 3.20 p.m., defendants and two other Filipinos boarded bus No. 413 outside the Taikoo Dock. They produced for payment of their fare a \$10 note, which was accepted and the change given back to them.

After the money had been pocketed by one of the men and the bus had gone for a considerable distance, they suddenly accused the conductor of paying them short and started an argument with the latter, during which first defendant was alleged to have brandished a dagger and passed it to second defendant.

The group was taken to the Police Station, where a second dagger was found on second defendant's person.

Asked why they had carried knives around, defendants replied that it was the custom in their country.

TRICK ALLEGED

At the continued hearing of the case in which two persons described as brothers, Wan Chi-wong, 31, and Li Ping, 37, are charged with attempted theft of 197 piculs of wolfram ore, valued at \$3,000 by means of a trick from Hui Shing, accountant of Tung Shing Loong Firm, Cheung Chau

Island, and with conspiracy, with others unknown, to defraud Hui of \$13,000 Chinese currency, the latter charge was withdrawn by the prosecution with the permission of the Court.

The case is being heard before Mr. Lowry. Mr. C. A. Sutherland Russ appeared for the prosecution, assisted by Det.-Sgt. T. Cashman. First defendant was represented by Mr. J. D'Almada Remedios and second by Mr. F. C. Woo.

Further hearing was fixed for this afternoon at 2.30 p.m.

STOLEN 21 PENS

Sentence of six months' hard labour was imposed by Mr. Lowry yesterday on Chan Leung, 28, unemployed, for stealing from No. 16, Pottinger Street, ground floor, 21 fountain pens, two numbering machines and one knife, the property of Ma King-siu, on May 5.

Det.-Sgt. F. Nolan, who prosecuted, said that defendant was arrested on information on June 3, while the theft was committed on May 5.

UNREGISTERED FACTORY

The manager of the Central Meat and Dairy Supply Company, A. G. Dalziel, was fined \$25 by Mr. Sheldon yesterday for opening and using the ground floor of No. 67, Hennessy Road, as a factory on Apr. 18, such premises not having been registered under the Factories and Workshops Ordinance.

Mr. D. W. Phillips, Inspector of Factories, said that the place had been registered for last year. The certificate having nominally expired at the end of the year, two letters were sent to defendant informing him to renew it, but no reply was forthcoming to either one of the letters until a summons had been taken out against him.

Pleading guilty, defendant said that the factory had been closed down in December last and only a watchman was left there to watch the premises, and no letters addressed to him could reach him unless sent direct to the head office.

LARCENY BY SERVANT

A 25-year-old seaman, Chan Choi, was charged before Mr. Sheldon with larceny by servant of a tin of petrol, containing one gallon and valued at \$1.80, from a His Majesty's ship, lying alongside the wall of the R.A.S.C. Camber.

Det.-Sgt. V. M. Morrison said that defendant, who had been working on board the ship for the last four years at \$22.50 a month, was arrested by a watchman carrying a tin of petrol. When he was questioned, he admitted having stolen it from the boat on which he worked.

When asked why he had stolen the petrol, defendant replied that he was going to use it to kill white ants in his house in the country. Remarking that that was not a good excuse when defendant had been working for four years and getting a reasonable salary, Mr. Sheldon imposed on defendant a fine of \$50 or one month's hard labour.

It was also stated that defendant was going to lose his job.

GAMBLING RAIDS

Thirty-six persons were alleged to be gambling "pai kau" on the roof of No. 528, Queen's Road West, when a Police party headed by Det.-Sgt. W. Summers conducted a raid on Wednesday night.

Before Mr. Sheldon yesterday, two of the men, Kwan Yip, 29, snuff, and Tang Choi, 24, stall, were charged with keeping a common gaming house. Both failed to appear and their bail of \$50 each were estreated.

Of the 34 others charged, with gambling, only 11 were present in Court. Four pleaded not guilty and were subsequently discharged. Seven were fined \$1 each, while those absentees had their bail of \$3 each estreated.

A total of \$16.38 picked up was ordered to be donated to the Poor Box.

IN WESTERN MARKET

Eight men, charged with gambling "pai kau" inside the Western Market on Wednesday at 8 p.m., failed to turn up, their bail of \$3 each being estreated.

Table money aggregating \$4.38 was ordered to go to the Poor Box. The following were charged with keeping different common gaming houses for the purpose of "use tam" lottery at various addresses in the Colony on Wednesday.

Ko Sze, 31, widow, No. 25, Po Tak Street, first floor, failing to appear had her bail of \$75 estreated.

Yu Shum, 17, unemployed, No. 9, Western Street, ground floor, who admitted one previous con-

FAMED KHYBER PASS

"The Key To India" Now Fully Guarded

Athwart the rugged Himalayas, the world's greatest mountain range, lies historic Khyber pass, north-west gateway to India. Many of the ancient conquerors led their columns through the long, narrow defile that forms the Khyber, to storm down on the plains of Peshawar and the famous cities of Lahore and Delhi. In modern times the strategic Khyber has been carefully guarded by British troops and fierce Afridi tribesmen, subsidized by the British and the only foe at all capable of and strategically placed for forcing passage through the mountains is Russia, beyond the Hindu Kush range to the north.

The Khyber has been the great military and trade gateway to India since the days of Alexander the Great. The pass proper begins near Jamrud, in India, 104 miles west of Peshawar, and winds through hills for about 35 miles in a north-westerly direction to the plains of Jelalabad, in Afghanistan. A railway and two motor roads now traverse the pass, which for centuries knew only camels and pack mules, and a heavy commercial traffic goes through daily.

Generally the morning hours are reserved for movement into Afghanistan and the afternoon for passage into India. All traffic must be out of the pass by nightfall, under British military regulations. Many fierce battles have been fought for the possession of the Khyber, and the natives say that every stone and foot of earth in the area has been drenched with human blood. At the southern mouth, on the dusty plains, is the old mud fort of Jamrud, defended by Hari Singh in 1937 in a sanguinary fight with invading Afghans under, Dost Mohammed. The British took the fort in the conquest of India, and it is now the headquarters of the Khyber rifles.

At Landi Khana, near the Afghanistan border, is a newly built fort, the most distant British outpost in India. Its guns dominate the gorge, 1,000 feet deep, leading to the south-east, and it could be held by few men against a strong body of troops, since, it would be difficult, either to attack the fort or to prevent it from receiving supplies.

The garrison at Landi Khana probably endures the worst living conditions in the world. In the summer it is unbearably hot, with the temperature 118 degrees in the shade. In the winter it is extremely cold. Besides this, the region is visited by heavy rains which have set a record of 41 inches of rainfall in a single day and 75 feet of rain in a year. Much of the year not even camels can endure the rigours of the pass and pack mules are used. The motor caravans and railroad are presumably open in all save the rainy seasons, but exact details concerning such operations in the pass are a military secret.

The best possibility for the reduction of the forts, a slim one, would be afforded by air. The Russians are said to have an air base at Tashkent, in Turkestan, a two-hour flight from the pass. Such planes would be forced to cross the Hindu Kush mountains to reach the Khyber and then manoeuvre among treacherous peaks to attack their objective. At the same time, should an air offensive be attempted, the British could send fighter planes from Lahore, only an hour and 20 minutes by air from the pass.

INDEPENDENT COUNTRY

Afghanistan is an independent country, having close relations with Persia, which in turn is friendly to the British. Probably if the Soviet did attempt a manoeuvre against India, British and native troops would pour through the Khyber into Afghanistan and more northward to take the Khawak pass in the Hindu Kush.

Prior to the outbreak of the current war the British could put 53,000 white and 181,000 native troops into the field in India, and in addition have 34,000 auxiliary troops, composed of British subjects residing in India, on immediate call. For further reserves they might call on an Indian territorial force of 27,000 and the independent armies of native princes, trained by British officers, totalling 45,000. The size of the British Royal Air Force detachment now in India, and the Royal Indian Air Force, is not presently known.

Military strategists still agree with Kipling that the romantic Khyber is the key to India. They doubt that it will be soon attacked.

AT KOWLOON

MANSLAUGHTER CHARGE

Private Thomas Peter Durdan of the R.A.S.C., charged with the manslaughter of Ho Sze in Sai-kung Road on Mar. 18, was remanded another 24 hours by Mr. D. J. N. Anderson yesterday.

Hearing of the case will be taken by Mr. H. C. Macnamara at 11.30 a.m. this morning.

ALLEGED KIDNAPING

Cheung Chan, 34, married woman, No. 136 Fa Yuen Street, third floor and Lo Yee, 47, widow of Shek Ku Lung Village, were remanded for one week by Mr. Anderson yesterday.

First defendant is charged with stealing a child, Chan Shui-pui, 11 years of age from the father of the child, Chan Lam, while second defendant is charged with harbouring the child at Shek Ku Lung Village on Feb. 28.

Det.-Sgt. E. Magvey is in charge of the case.

THEFT OF SEWING MACHINES
Lei Po-hing, 24, Leung Ka, 27 and Chai King-lun, 28, all unemployed, appeared before Mr. Anderson yesterday charged with breaking into No. 84 Argyle Street, ground floor on June 1 and stealing five sewing machines valued at \$75 from the above address.

First and third defendants were additionally charged with breaking into No. 631 A Nathan Road on June 6 and stealing tobacco and cigarettes to the value of \$250.

All defendants pleaded guilty to the first charge. First accused pleaded guilty to the second charge and was discharged. The three accused were remanded to today.

Det.-Sgt. J. Johnston prosecuted.

D. O. SOUTH

On the application of Det.-Sgt. Cashman, Lau Sun was remanded for 48 hours when he appeared before Mr. S. F. Balfour yesterday charged with the possession of two rolls barbed wire "reasonably suspected of having been stolen or unlawfully obtained" at Castle Peak Road, near Laitchikok Hospital, on June 3.

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BIG SELECTION OF FABRIC GLOVES IN PLAIN COLOURS



- GREEN
- RUST
- RED
- BROWN

ASO IN

NAVY, BROWN AND GREEN WITH WHITE SPOTS.

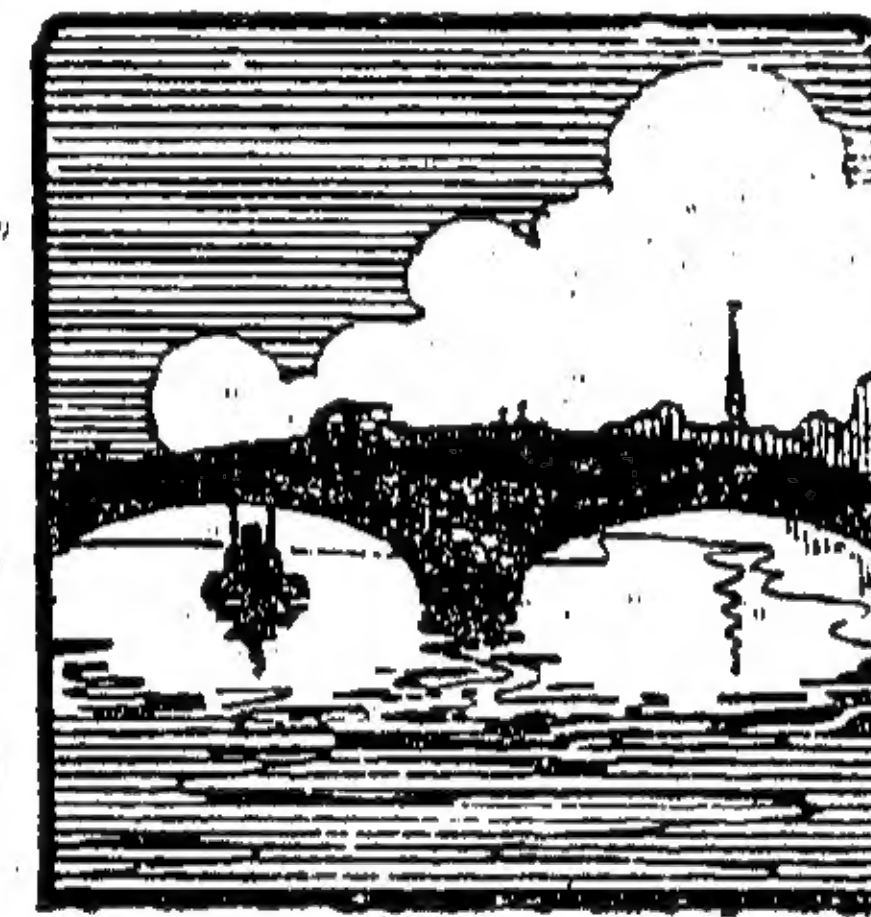
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CHAINED BOYS LASHED IN ICY DUNGEON

DENVER.—Children in a reformatory school at Denver, Colorado, were chained naked in an icy dungeon and lashed with a padded leather strap and cat-o-nine-tails.

Some were made to wear a ball and chain, and others were kept in solitary confinement in leg-irons.

These horrors were revealed at an inquiry recently, when the authorities recommended the dismissal of thirty-five school officials.

"As bad as a concentration camp," was a common comment among Denver residents on learning the facts. Angry men threatened to beat up the school "aff

The dungeon torture chamber was in almost complete darkness when the doors were closed.

Investigator Carl Morse said boys were black and blue from neck to thighs from beatings. "I saw as many as twelve stripes two inches wide down their backs," he said.

Colonel Raymond Combs, stocky, red-haired principal, stuttered excuses as investigators fired questions at him. "Boys were strapped for disregarding orders," he said.

Two years ago the school was accused of immoral conditions.

MISSIONARY HELPS CHINESE BLIND SOLDIERS

Mr. Hermann Becker of the Famine Orphanages and Evangelistic Bands in Chihkiang, Hunan, who has been a missionary in China for over 30 years, is helping about 300 Chinese soldiers who have lost their eyesight to read and write. He has secured the services of two teachers to teach them the Mandarin Braille Union System.

Mr. Becker, care of the China Inland Mission, Chihkiang, Hunan, will be glad to receive any books which have been printed in Mandarin Braille Union System for use of the blind soldiers.—(Central News).

Pastor Hall

EXPOSE OF LIFE IN NAZI GERMANY

It is not often that the wife of the President of the United States of America recommends a picture but Mrs. Franklin D. Roosevelt, in introducing "Pastor Hall" to the American public, said, "The story of Pastor Hall, of his undying faith, his unconquerable courage—this story of all men who love freedom and justice so deeply that they are prepared to live eternally for their convictions. In such men is the hope of common humanity, the greatest hope for ourselves and our children."

The Hongkong cinema public will have an opportunity to judge for themselves on Sunday whether it is true or not that "Pastor Hall," the United Artists production, is all that has been said of it, for the management of the Oriental Theatre have secured the rights to present this picture for the first time in Hongkong at popular prices.

The writer was privileged to attend a preview of this picture and he came away with the impression that in "Pastor Hall" we have one of the most powerful productions ever to have come out of the film studios.

Dealing with life in Nazi Germany, the picture tells of the horrors of the concentration camps, of the wickedness of the Gestapo and the Storm Troopers. Above all, however, it confirms the oft-asserted story that even in spite of all his viciousness, Adolf Hitler does not reign supreme in the Third Reich in that there are still men who dare have their own opinions and ideas of life. It also shows that such men are never allowed a long lease of freedom, that sooner or later the Gestapo catches up with them, with the inevitable ending.

Playing the part Pastor Hall, Wilfrid Lawson gives one of the most powerful pieces of acting we have seen in many a long day, and the supporting cast helps him to make "Pastor Hall" a picture that gives a true insight into the conditions in Germany under the power-hungry maniac, Adolf Hitler.

HOW BBC NEWS STORIES ARE RECORDED

CONTINUED FROM YESTERDAY

The mobile unit was also sent from time to time to the R.A.F. headquarters for the use of a second BBC commentator there. The same equipment was used by one of the American broadcasting companies and by the French war correspondents attached to the B.E.F., and also for live broadcasts of the concert parties arranged by E.N.S.A.

NAZI TERRORISM IN GREECE

Hundreds Of Athens Citizens Arrested

CAIRO, June 5 (Reuters).—Ignoring German threats, the inhabitants of the Greek town of Levadia, 60 miles northwest of Athens, began unloading a goods train carrying supplies which had been seized in that area.

It is authoritative learned here that the German Police opened fire and killed and wounded many persons, including women and children.

Following this incident, the German Kommandatur ordered the shooting of anybody attempting to approach goods trains or warehouses.

Emergency measures have been decreed in Athens and hundreds of citizens are being sent to court martial there to receive the death penalty.

PREMIER'S MESSAGE

Utter confidence in final victory is expressed by the Greek Prime Minister, Dr. Emmanuel Tsouderos, in a message to the Greek people "because God and right are with us and Greece cannot die."

The message continues: "The struggle continues. At the side of our great Allies, Greek regiments, warships and aeroplanes are reorganising to fight the enemy wherever he may be in order to liberate Greece. One million Greeks scattered in the four corners of the world are collaborating with all their strength. Our one aim is to win. We shall win."

LOVE OR DUTY

Infatuated Officer Did Not Return

The sudden infatuation of a young "pleasure-loving" but "very gallant" officer for a girl he met while on embarkation leave was described at a court-martial at Truxo.

The girl gave evidence on behalf of the accused officer, Second-Lieut. Gerald Andrew Clark, 23.

He pleaded not guilty to the charge that, after having been warned to proceed overseas, he attempted to avoid so proceeding by absenting himself without leave.

The girl, whose name was not disclosed at the request of the defending officer, told the Court that she met Second-Lieut. Clark at Falmouth and they grew "terribly fond of each other." They went to London, and stayed at man and wife at the Cumberland Hotel for several days.

She knew he had to go back to duty, and they discussed it in London almost every day, but his attitude was that as long as he would stay in London he would stay with her.

Capt. Sir Shirley Worthington Evans, prosecuting, stated that Second-Lieut. Clark was granted embarkation leave from Jan. 28, and was due to report on Feb. 14, but he did not obey the order, and on March 5 he was arrested at his home, at Ivy House, Luton, Beds.

He submitted that Second-Lieut. Clark deliberately disobeyed the order so as to avoid service overseas.

Second-Lieut. Clark was described by his adjutant as being extremely cheerful when he spoke to him about overseas service, and he was looking forward to it.

Major A. A. Scott, defending, said it was not disputed that Second-Lieut. Clark was absent without leave, but he wished to disprove any intention to avoid embarkation.

SERVED IN FRANCE
During his absence he wore uniform, and stayed at an hotel in London, where he gave his correct name and title, and there was no attempt at concealment or disguise.

He stated that Second-Lieut. Clark was educated at the City of London School and University College, Oxford. In February, 1939, he enlisted in the Army in the ranks, and, shortly after the outbreak of war his unit was transferred to

During May the unit accompanied the army to Brussels and beyond, then back to Lille, Arras, and Amiens. By this time, it had two sets of equipment at its disposal. Then came the rapid move to Boulogne, during which some of the equipment had to be abandoned at Amiens. The cables between Boulogne and London were still intact, and several despatches were given by BBC observers from Boulogne. After a few days, during which there was frequent bombing, the equipment was brought back to England.

Meanwhile, a second recording unit was with the Advanced Air Striking Force near Rheims: it was through this unit that many listeners at home first heard the sound of falling bombs. The enemy had been particularly active in this area for some time, and during one of the despatches from the R.A.F. a salvo of bombs dropped close to the open window of the studio.

CONVOY SEEN

Since their return these recording units have still been engaged in reporting incidents in the war. One of the most outstanding of these recordings was made on the cliffs of Dover. The unit had just taken up its stand there, when a convoy was seen steaming slowly up the Channel. Just as the convoy was passing the point where the recording car was stationed, German dive-bombers attacked it.

Anti-aircraft guns went into action, followed by squadrons of fighters. The recording of this action with the running commentary which accompanied it gave a realistic impression of the successful battle which ensued. The records were taken to London and broadcast in the nine o'clock news bulletin that same evening.

During another broadcast from "Hell-fire Corner" the recording unit was machine-gunned by a Messerschmitt: it suffered no damage and the German machine was brought down by anti-aircraft fire. It also recorded the shell-fire from the long-range guns installed by the Germans on the Channel coast when shells fell in Dover for the first time.

Meanwhile, the work of the mobile recording unit continues—bringing to listeners at home and overseas the sound and scenes of Great Britain at war.

THE END

GOVT. TAKES OVER "AMERICA"

WASHINGTON, June 5 (Reuters).—President Roosevelt has issued an executive order directing that an unspecified number of Coast Guard Officers and enlisted men be transferred to help operate certain naval vessels.

Meanwhile, the Maritime Commission has issued a list of 28 merchant vessels, including the liner "America," which have been acquired for the Army and Navy.

France, where he remained until, 1940.

In the following month he went to a cadet training college, and was gazetted. When granted embarkation leave he went to Falmouth for a few days, and there met the girl of whom he grew very fond.

When he was on his way to return to London, the girl decided to go with him, and they stayed at the Cumberland Hotel, registering as Mr. and Mrs. Clark.

The hotel bill came to £20 12s., and when the girl left to go back to Falmouth he was upset, and started drinking rather heavily. He put off from day to day doing anything about going back to his regiment. He spent his time in London just enjoying himself.

Major Scott described him as rather a pleasure-loving person who disregarded his duty when enjoying himself. He never showed any signs of disliking overseas service, and was now ashamed of himself.

(The president, Lieut.-Col. H. B. Bird, announced that the Court had no findings to declare, and Major Scott then said that as Second-Lieut. Clark had been found guilty of a very serious crime, he appealed that the punishment be meted out to him should be as lenient as the Court could justifiably give in the circumstances.

PONTIFICAL MASS FOR PEOPLE OF U.K.

Striking Address By Archbishop Spellman

NEW YORK, June 5 (Reuters).—Many distinguished persons were present at Solemn Pontifical Mass at St. Patrick's Cathedral for the people of Britain.

Lord and Lady Halifax, Mr. Wendell Willkie, Governor Lehmann of New York State, Archbishop Otto, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Kennedy were among those attending and also representatives of South Africa, Canada, Australia and India.

Archbishop Spellman, in the course of a striking address, said: "The Governments of man have strayed into paganism, strayed the ten Commandments and bombed the Sermon on the Mount."

He also read a cable from Cardinal Hinsley thanking the American people for their help. Reverend Philip Furlong, President of the Cathedral College, New York, in the course of a sermon, said that the bombing of Westminster Abbey "produced in most Americans a special sense of injury."

The Anhwei branch of the San-Min-Chu (Three People's Principles) Youth Corps has launched a campaign for raising funds to purchase gliders for the Government. Every member is required to contribute at least \$1.—(Central News).

HONGKONG SHARE QUOTATIONS

STOCK EXCHANGE SHAREBROKERS' ASSOCIATION

Buyers	Sellers	Bids	Nominal	THURSDAY 5 JUNE.	Buyers	Sellers	Bids	Nominal
				Banks				
			\$1315	H.K. Bank				\$1315
			\$79	Do. (Col. Reg.)				\$79
			\$754	Do. (Lon. Reg.)				\$754
			\$24	Chartered Bank				\$24
			\$234	Mercantile Bk. "A"				\$234
			\$211	Mercantile Bk. "C"				\$211
\$71				Bank of East Asia	\$71			
				N.C. & S. Bank	71 ct.			
				Insurance				
			\$920	Canam Insurance				\$920
			\$405	Union Insurance	\$407			
			\$1	Underwriters	70 cts			
\$176				H.K. Fire				\$176
				Shipping				
			\$128	Douglas				\$128
			\$8	Steamboats	\$7			
			\$80	Indo-China (Pref.)				\$80
			\$40/0	Indo-China (Def.)				\$40/0
			\$6.65	Shells				\$6/4
				Waterboats				
				Docks, Wharves, Godowns, etc.				
\$5.05			\$5.07	H.K. & E. Wharves				\$5.07
\$14.70				H.K. Docks (Old)	\$14.70			\$14.60
				H.K. Docks (New)				
				Shanghai Docks				
				Mining				
				Kailash				
				Rauha				
				Hong Kong Mines				
				Lands, Hotels and Buildings				
\$2.85				H.K. & S. Hotels	\$2.85			
\$31				H.K. Lands	\$31			
			\$974	Do. 4% Debentures				\$974
\$2.70			\$13.80	Shanghai Lands				\$2.70
			\$3.40	H.K. Realities				\$3.40
			\$59	Humphreys Chinese Estates				
				Cotton Mills				
			\$344	Ewo (S.)				\$344
			\$265	Shai Cottons (S.)				\$265
				Zong Sing (S.)				
				Wing On Textiles (S.)				
				Public Utilities				
\$15.95				H.K. Tramways	\$15.95			
				Peak Tram (old)				
				Peak Tram (new)				
				Star Ferries				
				Ymat Ferries				
\$5.50				China Lights (O)	\$5.70			
				China Lights (New)	\$1.20			
				H.K. Electric (Old)	\$31.90			
\$20.85				H.K. Electric (New)				\$21.05
\$184				H.K. Electric (Rts.)				\$11
				Macao Electric				
				Sandakan Lights				
\$211				Telephones (old)				\$22.30
				Telephones (new)				\$3
				Industrials				
				Cald. Macg. (Ord.) S.				
				Cald. Macg. (Pref.) S.				
				Canton Ice				75 cts
\$13			\$13	H.K. Bopex				\$13
\$3.90			\$3.90	H.K. Govt. Loans				
				4% Loan				97 1/2
				3 1/2% (1934)				94 1/2
				3 1/2% (1940)				
				Miscellaneous				
				Dairy Farms				\$17 1/2
				Entertainments				\$6 1/2
				Constructions (old)				\$1.65
				Constructions (new)				
				Lane Crawfords				\$7 1/2
				Nanyang Tobacco	\$3.60			
				Sinceres	\$2.20			
				Watsons				\$6.80
				Ch. G. & 1925 G.Bds.				25 1/2
				H.K. Wing On				\$42
				Shai Wing On				\$14
				Vibro Piling				\$4 1/2
				Maramba Inv. (Lon.)				
				Wm. Powells				\$1 1/2
				Lights Rts.				
				*Sale to Shanghai				

ADMIRALTY "Y" SCHEME

Schoolboys Eligible For Navy & Air Arm

LONDON, June 5 (Reuters).—Schoolboys and other young men may volunteer for the Navy, including the Fleet Air Arm, under the new "Y" scheme. It was announced by the Admiralty.

They must have reached the age of 17 but would not be called for training until they are 18.

Candidates accepted will be entered in the unpaid Navy reserve and continue schooling until called up.

They must have reached a certain educational standard or have served a year in the Junior Training Corps, Air Training Corps, Army Cadet or Sea Cadet Corps.

TEMPORARY COMMISSIONS

Candidates can volunteer for training as pilot or observer in the Fleet Air Arm and when they satisfactorily complete the course of training will be granted temporary commissions in the air branch of the Naval Volunteer Reserve.

Candidates accepted as seamen can also be recommended for temporary commissions.

Men already registered, who wish to be pilots or observers in the Fleet Air Arm, if under 23, can volunteer under the "Y" scheme.

University students are eligible and if possible will complete the course of study before being called for naval training.

SUPPLY BONDS SUBSCRIPTIONS CAMPAIGN

The N.C. \$1,000,000 subscriptions campaign for the Chinese Military Supply Bonds, organized by Chinese, Christians in Hongkong, was formally launched at a ceremony held at the Chinese Merchants Club.

Those present included the captains of various solicitation units. Following a prayer conducted by Pastor Li Kou-yan, Mr. Lam Tse-fung, who presided, gave the opening speech. He enjoined his audience to spare no efforts in bringing the campaign to a successful conclusion. He reported that already N.C. \$500,000 subscriptions had been realised and expressed the hope that the goal of N.C. \$1,000,000 would not be difficult to attain.

Others who spoke included Sir Shouson Chow, who urged his audience to subscribe to as many bonds as possible. Aside from Christians, Chinese women, business, cultural and youth organisations in Hongkong have also started subscriptions campaigns for the Bonds. It is learned that the workers of the Commercial Press, Ltd., will contribute two days' salaries for the purchase of the Bonds.

NEW MUSEUM IN KWANGTUNG

The Kwangtung Provincial Government will establish a museum where relics relative to the Chinese Revolution and the war of resistance will be treasured and exhibited. A building is being erected and articles are being collected.—(Central News).

CHINA'S SAVINGS CAMPAIGN

The National Savings Campaign launched throughout Free China has to date realised approximately \$330,000,000 in the form of subscriptions to the Economy Savings Bonds.

Upwards of 10,000,000 have joined the Campaign as members. In Chungking a membership drive is being launched. It is planned to get about 200,000 or approximately half of the Chungking populace to be members.

This figure will include \$50,000 from industrial circles, \$50,000 from commercial circles, \$20,000 from women circles, \$20,000 from educational circles, and \$50,000 from government and other circles.—(Central News).

SAY
Gordon's
...and know
what you're
drinking!



NO COLOURING MATTER
NO INJURIOUS INGREDIENTS

H.K. Stock Exchange

BUYERS

Bank of East Asia, \$71.
H.K. Fire Ins., \$176.
Indo-China (Pref.), \$80.
Docks, \$14.70.
Providents, \$5.10.
Hotels, \$2.85.
Lands, \$31.25.
Realities, \$2.75.
Trams, \$15.95.

Lights (O), \$5.80.
Lights (N), \$1.20.
Electric (O) X. Rts., \$21.50.
Telephones (O), \$21.75.
Cements, \$13.
Ropes, \$6.90.
Watsons, \$9.50.
Entertainments, \$6.25.

SELLERS

Telephones (O), \$22.25.
SALES
H.K. Govt. 4% Loan, 97 1/2.
H.K. Govt. 3 1/2% Loan (1934), 94 1/2.
Union Ins., \$410.
H.K. & K. Wharves, \$87.
Electric (O) X. Rts., \$22.
Electric Dts., \$11.
Macao Electric, \$18.50/60.

LOANS IN AID OF INDUSTRIES

The Central Bank of China, the Bank of China, the Bank of Communications and the Farmers' Bank of China are planning to jointly set aside \$100,000,000 as capital for the extension of loans in aid of industries.

It is learned that a portion of the deposits realised from the National Savings Campaign will also be used for the same purpose.—(Central News).

HONG KONG TIDE TABLE

From 6 to 12 June 1941.

		HIGH WATER		LOW WATER	
Days of Week	Month	Hong Kong Standard Time	Height	Hong Kong Standard Time	Height
Fri.	6	h. m.	ft. in.	h. m.	ft. in.
		08 27	6 1	18 11	2 1
Sat.	7	07 17	6 8	19 41	2 4
		07 17	6 8	19 41	2 4
Sun.	8	07 04	7 1	19 24	2 5
		07 04	7 1	19 24	2 5
Mon.	9	06 57	7 4	19 07	2 6
		06 57	7 4	19 07	2 6
Tues.	10	06 50	7 6	18 53	2 7
		06 50	7 6	18 53	2 7
Wed.	11	06 43	7 8	18 38	2 8
		06 43	7 8	18 38	2 8
Thu.	12	06 37	7 9	18 24	2 9
		06 37	7 9	18 24	2 9

PRE-PAID ADVERTISEMENTS.

The following classes of advertisements are charged at the price given below:—

SITUATIONS VACANT. HOUSES AND APARTMENTS WANTED. HOUSES AND APARTMENTS TO BE LET. MISCELLANEOUS WANTS.

Announcements not exceeding 25 words are inserted under this heading at a Pre-paid Rate of \$1.50 for THREE INSERTIONS. If Charges collected, \$2.00.

WANTED TO BUY

WE PAY HIGH PRICES for all gold and silver articles. Jade diamonds, jewels, watches, fountain pens. Apply Far East Diamond and Gold Refining Co. Room 621, China Building, 6th floor. (Store will open on Sundays, and Holidays).

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Experienced Book-keeper Wants Students to form a class. Guarantee students to keep a whole set of books after completion of a course of 6 months. For Term and Particulars. Please Apply to:—Box No. 462 c/o H.K.D.P.

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NEW STYLE READY MADE AMERICAN DRESSES
FOR SALE.

FOREIGN MARKETS & QUOTATIONS

MONEY AND EXCHANGE

CLOSING QUOTATIONS

JUNE 5, 1941.

On London:—	
Telegraphic Transfer, 1/2 7/8	
Bank Bills, on demand 1/2 7/8	
Credits 4 months sight	
On Shanghai:—	
On demand	400
On Singapore:—	
On demand	52 3/4
On Japan:—	
On demand	102 1/2
Telegraphic Transfer, 1/2 5/8	
and demand	52 5/8
On New York:—	
Bank Bills, on demand 24 1/8	
Credits, 60 days sight 24 7/8	
On Batavia:—	
On demand	45 1/4
On Paris:—	
Bank Bills, on demand Nom.	
Credits 4 months sight Nom.	
On Saigon:—	
On demand	104 1/2
On Manila:—	
On demand	48 1/4
On Bangkok:—	
On demand	149 1/2
On Sterling Notes:—	
Bank Buying Rate	Nom.
Bar Silver per oz.	23 7/16

Market Report

FROM ROSS BROS.

Thursday, June 5.
Silver prices were unchanged yesterday, the quotations remaining at 23 7/16 for both Ready and Forward. Silver advices reported the market as being steady, but quiet. American Silver was quoted at 34 3/4 for Spot.
The London-New York cross-rate was quoted at 402 1/2. New York-London was quoted at 403 1/4.

MARKET

Quiet.
STERLING
There were sellers at 1/3 up to August, buyers at 1/3 1/32 for any delivery.

U. S. DOLLARS

Business was done during the early part of the morning at 24 7/8 for Cash. The market closed at 24 1/2 for forward and near, buyers at 24 1/2 for near delivery.

SHANGHAI DOLLARS

Business was done at 452 1/2 and 452 3/4. The market closed at 452 3/4 for forward and near, buyers at 453 for Spot.

SHANGHAI MARKET

Steady but quiet. There were sellers of Sterling for near delivery at 5/16 and U.S. Dollars at 5/8 for Spot.

AFTERNOON MARKET

Quiet.
STERLING
The market closed with sellers at 1/3 up to August, buyers at 1/3 1/32 for any delivery.

U. S. DOLLARS

The market closed with sellers at 24 7/8 for near and forward, buyers at 24 1/2 for any delivery.

SHANGHAI DOLLARS

The market closed with sellers at 453 1/4, buyers at 453 3/4.

SHANGHAI MARKET

Sterling closed with sellers at 5/16 for Spot and U.S. Dollars at 5/8 for Spot.

Shanghai Exchange

Shanghai, June 5 (Reuter).

Official T.T. Rates

	Opening	Closing
London	0/3-1/4	
New York	5-1/4	
India	12	
Japan	22-1/4	
Paris	nominal	
Hongkong	21-5/8	
Sterling		
Opening	0/3-1/4	
Closing	0/3-1/4	
Spot	0/3-19/84	0/3-5/16
June	0/3-19/84	0/3-5/16
July	0/3-19/84	0/3-5/16
U.S. Dollars		
Spot	5-3/8	5-3/8
June	5-3/8	5-3/8
July	5-3/8	5-3/8
Market	Quiet	
Silver Duty Rate		
The Central Bank of China's rate on London at 10 a.m. today was 1/2-1/2d.		
The Equalisation rate was 24-1/4 per cent.		

India Rupee Paper

Bombay, June 4 (Reuter).
Govt. 3 1/2 Rupee, 95-14-0.

Calcutta Exchange

Calcutta, June 4 (Reuter).
T.T. on Japan, 81-1/2.

NEW YORK COMMODITY MARKET
(REUTER'S SERVICE)

NEW YORK, June 4, 1941.

	High	Low	Prev. Close	Today's Close	Change
New York Cotton, July	13.26	13.22	13.23	13.23	.01 up
New York Rubber, July	21.85	21.80	21.54	21.80	.26 up
Chicago Wheat, July	99 1/2	97 1/2	97 3/4	97 3/4	1/2 off
Chicago Corn, July	74 1/2	73 1/2	73 3/4	73 3/4	1/2 off
New York Hides, Sept.	14.81	14.68	14.85	14.72b	.13 off

	CLOSE	CLOSING	CHANGE
NEW YORK COTTON			
July	13.22/22	13.23/23	.01 up
October	13.35/35	13.38/38	.03 up
December	13.43/44	13.47/47	.04 up
January	13.40 N	13.48 N	.08 up
March	13.44/45	13.46 N	.02 up
May	13.41 N	13.48/48	.05 up
Spot	13.37	13.78	.01 up

Total sales Tuesday—87,460 bales.

	CLOSE	CLOSING	CHANGE
NEW YORK RUBBER			
July (New contract)	21.54/55	21.80/80	.26 up
September	21.35/35	21.60b/70a	.25 up
December	21.04/05	21.30/35	.26 up
March	20.65/65	21.00 ON	.35 up

Total sales for the day—650 tons.

	High	Low	Prev. Close	Today's Close	Change
CHICAGO WHEAT					
July	98 7/8	97 1/2	97 3/4	97 3/4	1/2 off
September	99 1/2	97 1/2	99 1/2	99 1/2	1/2 off

Tuesday's sales—19,147,000 bushels.

	High	Low	Prev. Close	Today's Close	Change
CHICAGO CORN					
July	73 1/4	72 1/2	73 1/4	73 1/4	1/2 off
September	75 1/2	75 1/2	84 1/2	74 1/2	1/2 off

	High	Low	Prev. Close	Today's Close	Change
NEW YORK HIDES					
September	14.85/88	14.72b/73a	14.85	14.72b	.13 off

Total sales for the day—

	High	Low	Prev. Close	Today's Close	Change
NEW YORK COCOA					
September	7.69 N	7.75 N	7.69	7.75 N	.06 up

	High	Low	Prev. Close	Today's Close	Change
NEW YORK SUGAR NO. 3					
July	2.49b/51a	2.49b/50a	2.49b/50a	2.49b/50a	unch.
September	2.53b/54a	2.52b/53a	2.53b/54a	2.52b/53a	.01 off

Volume of business done—54 lots.

	High	Low	Prev. Close	Today's Close	Change
NEW YORK SUGAR NO. 4					
July	81b/82a	80b/81a	81b/82a	80b/81a	.01 off

Volume of business done—143 lots.

	High	Low	Prev. Close	Today's Close	Change
NEW YORK COPPER FUTURES					
July	11.76b/90a	11.76b/90a	11.76b/90a	11.76b/90a	unch.

	High	Low	Prev. Close	Today's Close	Change
NEW YORK COTTONSEED OIL					
July	10.67b/75a	10.65b/65	10.67b/75a	10.65b/65	.02 off

	High	Low	Prev. Close	Today's Close	Change
NEW YORK LARD					
September	9.92/90	10.00 A	9.92/90	10.00 A	.08 up

	High	Low	Prev. Close	Today's Close	Change
NEW YORK BLACK PEPPER					
September	6.15b/20a	6.23b/28a	6.15b/20a	6.23b/28a	.08 up

The first notice day for Sept. black pepper is 26/8 and last trading day is 23/8.

	High	Low	Prev. Close	Today's Close	Change
N.Y. Official Silver	34-3/4	34-3/4	34-3/4	34-3/4	
N.Y.-London Cross Rate	4.03-1/2	4.03-1/4	4.03-1/2	4.03-1/4	

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE
(REUTER'S SERVICE)

London, June 4.

The following quotations are the middle prices at the close of the market in London. All quotations are subject to confirmation and no responsibility is assumed for errors in transmission.

War Loan, 3 1/2 (Red, after 1962) 103-9/16

Defence Loan, 3 1/2 101-1/2

Jantion-K'loon Rly. 5% 9

Chinese 4 1/2 Gold Loan 1898 (Brit. Issue) 38

Chinese 5% Gold Bonds 1925/47 38

Chin. 4 1/2 Anglo-French Loan 1908 37

Chinese 5% Crisp Loan 1912 21

Chinese 5% Reorg. Loan 1913 (Ldn. Is.) 31

Chinese 8% Ster. Note 1925 (Vickers) 7-9

Chin. Imperial Rly. 5% Loan 48

Honan Rly. 5% 10

Hukuang Rly. 5%, 1911 (L.P. N.Y. Issue) 14

Hukuang Rly. 5%, 1911 (German Issue) 13

Lung Tsing & U. Hai Rly. 5% 1913 9

Shai-N'King Rly. 5% 14

Tientsin-Pukow Rly. 5% (Brit. Stpd.) 10

Tientsin-Pukow Rly. 5% (German Stpd.) 10

Tientsin-Pukow Rly. 5% (Ger. Stpd. Supl. Loan) 10

Jap. 6% Ster. Loan, 1924 27

Ger. 7% Intl. Loan, 1924 5

Chartered Bank (Ldn. Reg.) 75 1/2

H.K. & Shai Bank (Col. Reg.) 70

Chinese Eng. & Mining (bearer) 11-1/2

Chosen Corporation 4-1/2

Mercantile Bank of India, £5, "G" 11 1/2

Kin Syndicate 1-1/2

RESERVE BANK OF INDIA STATEMENT

Calcutta, June 4 (Reuter).

May 23 May 30

Notes in circulation (including Notes held in the Banking Department) 28,542 28,576

Rupee Coin Bullion in India 3,589 3,623

Gold Coin and Bullion in India 4,441 4,441

Securities (Indian Government) 9,131 9,131

Securities (British Government) 13,173 13,173

(Figures in Lakhs Rupees)

SILVER MARKET

LONDON SILVER

London, June 4 (Reuter).

Silver—Trifling trade buying met by production sources. Market steady. In the afternoon, the market was steady with no business.

Spot, 23-7/16d.

Forward, 23-7/16d.

BOMBAY SILVER

Bombay, June 4 (Reuter).

Market—Steady. Offtake 150 bars.

Indian Mint Silver

Ready 62-12

June 20 Settlement 62-10

July 19 Settlement 62-09

Shai Elec. Constr. Co. 16-1/2

Shai Waterworks "A" 15

Union Insurance 22

Gula Kalumpung Rubber 15

Lon. Mid. & Scot. Rly. 12 1/2

Great Western Rly. 32 1/2

National Bank of India 8 1/2

B-A. Tob (bearer) 8 1/4

Dunlop Rubber 32/10 1/2

Bristol Aeroplane 10/3

Imperial Chemical Ind. 38/10 1/2

United Steel 23/6

Woolworths 47/6

Marmat. Investments 6/3

Western Holdings 11/3

Sub-Nigel 140/-

Shell Trans. & Trad. (bearer) 40/7 1/2

—bid —ask 4 1/2

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

QUOTATION

(REUTER'S SERVICE)

JUNE 5, 1941.

STOCKS	Last Sale	STOCKS	Last Sale
	June 4		June 4
Adams Express	58	Johnsmanville	58
Allegheny Steel Co.	21 1/2	Kennecott Copper	35 1/2
Allis Chalmers	27 1/2	Libbey-Owens-Ford Glass	27 1/2
Amer. Can.	78 1/2	Lockheed Aircraft	23 1/2
American Cyanamid B.	36 1/2	Loew's Inc.	28 1/2
Amer. & Foreign Power	1	Martin, Glen L. Co.	23
Amer. & Foreign \$7 pf.	17	Montgomery Ward	34 1/2
Amer. Locomotive Co.	12 1/2	National Aviation	8 1/2
Amer. Metals	17 1/2	Nat. Dairy Products	12 1/2
Amer. Radiator	6 1/2	National Distillers	19
Amer. Rolling Mill	13 1/2	Nat. Power & Light	6 1/2
Amer. S'ing and R'ing Co.	40 1/2	National Supply Corp.	5 1/2
Amer. Sugar Refining	15 1/2	New York Central	12 1/2
Amer. Tel. & Tel.	157 1/2	Niagara Hudson Power	2 1/2
Amer. Tobacco "B"	63	N. American Aviation	13 1/2
Amer. Waterworks	4 1/2	North American Co. (New)	13
Anacosta Copper	26 1/2	Northern Pacific	6 1/2
Atchison, T. & S. Fe.	27 1/2	Packard Motors	2 1/2
Aviation Corp.	3 1/2	Paramount Pictures	10 1/2
Baldwin Locomotive Co.	13 1/2	Pennsylvania R.R.	25
Baltimore & Ohio	3 1/2	Phillips Petroleum	41 1/2
Barnsdall Oil	9	Pullman Inc.	27 1/2
Bendix Aviation	—	Pure Oil	9 1/2
Bethlehem Steel	71 1/2	Radio Corp. of Am.	3 1/2
Bliss & Co., E.W. (com.)	14 1/2	Reading Company, Com.	14 1/2
Boeing Airplane Co.	15 1/2	Remington Arms Co. Inc.	4 1/2
Borg-Warner	16 1/2	Republic Aviation Corp.	3 1/2
Briggs Mfg. Co.	19 1/2	Republic Steel	18 1/2
Budd Manufacturing Corp.	3 1/2	Reynold Tobac. "B"	29
Canadian Pacific	34	Schenley Distillers	10 1/2
Celanese Corp.	20 1/2	Shell Union Oil	15
Chesapeake & Ohio	36 1/2	Soccon-Vacuum Oil	9 1/2
Chrysler	55 1/2	Southern Pacific	11
Columbia Gas & Elec.	3	Southern Ry \$5 pfd.	23 1/2
Commercial Credit Co.	23 1/2	Spicer Manufacturing Co.	30 1/2
Com. & Southern (Ord.)	5/16	Standard Brands	5 1/2
Consolidated Edison Co.	18	Standard Gas & Elec.	4 1/2
Consolidated Oil	6	Standard Oil of N.J.	37
Copperweld Steel	13 1/2	Studebaker Com.	4 1/2
Curtiss Wright (C.)	8 1/2	Swift International	18 1/2
Distillers Corp. (Seagrams)	13 1/2	Technicolor	8
Douglas Aircraft	69 1/2	Texas Corp.	39 1/2
Dr. Pont de Nemours	146 1/2	Trans-America Co.	4 1/2
Eagle Picher Lead	8 1/2	20th Cent. Fox Film, Com.	5 1/2
Elec. Autolite Co.	26 1/2	Union Bag & Paper Corp.	10 1/2
Elec. Bond & Share	2 1/2	Union Pacific	79 1/2
Elec. Bond & Share \$5 pf.	54 1/2	United Aircraft	39
Elec. Bond & Share \$6 pf.	58 1/2	United Airlines Trans.	10 1/2
Elec. Power & Light \$7 pf.	33 1/2	United Corp.	2 1/2
Flintkote	12 1/2	United Corp. \$3 cum pf.	21 1/2
Gen. Electric	29	United Gas Improvement	6 1/2
Gen. Motors	37 1/2	U.S. Rubber	20 1/2
Gen. Railway Signal	13 1/2	U.S. Steel	54 1/2
Gen. Tire & Rubber	10 1/2	Vanadium	24 1/2
Goodrich (B.F.)	12 1/2	Vuitte Aircraft	6 1/2
Goodyear Tire & Rubber	16 1/2	Walworth Co.	4 1/2
Great Northern Iron Ore	14 1/2	Warner Bros. Pict.	3 1/2
Great Northern Ry. pfd.	25 1/2	Westinghouse Elec.	90 1/2
Great Western Sugar	24 1/2	Woodward Iron Cor.	25 1/2
Inter. Nickel	24 1/2	Chase National Bank	28 1/2
Inter. Paper & Power	14 1/2	National City Bank	24 1/2
Int. Tel. & Tel. (Fon. Ia.)	21 1/2	I.Nbiv. McNeil	—

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SYDNEY & MELBOURNE via Manila.
ONOE MARU ... Monday, 9th June

SAIGON
TOTTORI MARU ... Friday, 20th June
LIMA MARU ... Saturday, 28th June

BOMBAY via Singapore & Colombo.
ANYO MARU ... Wednesday, 11th June
TOYOOKA MARU ... Saturday, 28th June

RANGOON & CALCUTTA via Singapore
LISBON MARU ... Saturday, 7th June
LIMA MARU ... Saturday, 28th June

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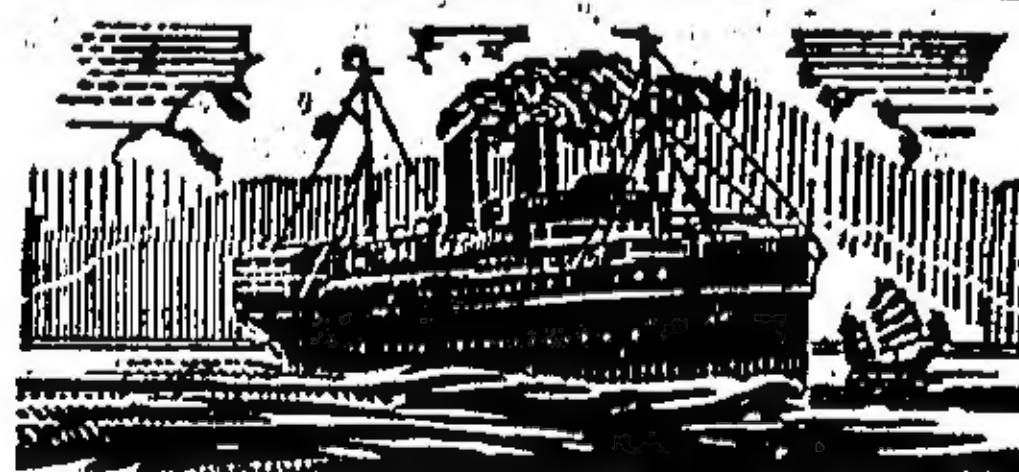
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SHELTER SWINDLE

MAN TOLD HE IS A "PUBLIC DANGER"

For exploiting a scheme called "The Acton Deep Underground Shelter Association," an aircraft inspector was given a sentence of 18 months' hard labour at Middlesex Session recently.

He is Austin Gordon Lovell Pennock, 48, whom a jury, without retiring, found guilty on six charges of fraud on Acton residents.

Declaring that Pennock described himself as secretary of "The Acton Deep Shelter Association," Mr. Anthony Hawke, prosecuting, added: "A more accurate title would have been 'A scheme for the provision of a livelihood for Mr. Pennock'."

"There was never a shelter, but people were induced to pay money as subscriptions for the use of beds and accommodation in this non-existent shelter."

Giving evidence, Pennock said he made application to the Labour Exchange for Welsh miners and local labourers to carry out the work. He also applied to a local firm for tools, which were to be supplied when he got the money to pay.

A Mr. Hamilton promised to finance the scheme, but at the last minute wrote to say he had to go to Torquay.

"LOST LETTER" STORY

Deputy-chairman, Mr. J. H. Thorpe, K.C.: Have you got that letter? Pennock: No, I have lost it. I found myself in an awkward position, for after that Mr. Hamilton was very careful to keep out of the limelight. It was a nasty blow, and I didn't know what to do.

Pennock stated that he gave up £8 a week to run the association. He collected £34 14s. 6d. and gave the subscriptions to Hamilton, who, he maintained, victimised him.

Det. Sgt. Burney revealed that Pennock had five convictions. In 1924 he was sentenced for fraudulently representing that the B.B.C. had bought a wireless invention of his for £40,000. Another conviction was for supplying cocaine.

Pennock was a native of Sheffield. Since his arrest many people complained they had given him money for the association.

Passing sentence, the deputy-chairman told Pennock: "You are a common swindler who chose as your victims people who have reason to be frightened and want protection from enemy attack. You are a public danger, and people must be protected."

NEW NAZI FIGHTERS SHOT DOWN

LONDON, June 5 (Reuter).—Two of Germany's latest Messerschmitt fighters, ME-109F, were shot down into the English Channel yesterday evening.

They were among a number which attempted to cross the Kent coast above the clouds but were tackled by cannon-firing Spitfires. One British fighter is missing.

The ME-109F is a development of last year's ME-109, the chief new feature being bigger engine power.

The Mercantile Marine Office, Entry and Clearance Office and Junk Office, Harbour Department, will only be open between 10 and 12 a.m. on June 12, it being a general holiday (H.M. the King's Birthday).

Share In Asia Claimed By U.S. & Britain

WASHINGTON, April 26.—Evidence of Anglo-American determination not to be eased out of the Far East by the Japanese is accumulating both here and in the Pacific.

Not only are the United States and Britain greatly strengthening their Far Eastern outposts, but their leading officials are also making it abundantly clear that neither the recent Russo-Japanese pact nor Allied reverses in the Balkans have done anything but reinforce the decision to stand firm in the Far East.

VERY SIGNIFICANT

It is thought significant that Secretary of the Navy Frank Knox in his address before the American Newspaper Publishers Association on Thursday dwelt particularly upon the Far Eastern menace despite the fact that Washington's attention is primarily directed toward the struggle in Europe. The Knox statements are believed to show that the early official reaction to the Russo-Japanese pact, whose importance Secretary of State Cordell Hull said should not be "overestimated," has now become more pessimistic.

WARNING TO JAPANESE

Australia's position vis-a-vis the Japanese menace was clearly stated late this week by Richard G. Casey, Australian Minister to the United States, who stated unequivocally that Australia and New Zealand would fight immediately and bitterly "if the dark forces of aggression venture to spread into the peaceful waters of the Pacific."

The process of materially strengthening America's position in the Philippine Islands has been going on unabated for some months now. Only this week 2,000 troops—said to be the largest number of American soldiers to reach the islands at any one time since the days following the Spanish-American War—were landed in the Philippines from an army transport.

The new troops join the already sizeable and seasoned force assembled there. Other evidences of American interest in its Philippine outpost is the number of the latest pursuit and bombing planes which it has sent out there since late last fall. At one time a batch of some 100 of the most modern pursuit ships, originally ordered by Sweden, were sent to the islands.

GERMAN-AMERICAN BUND CLOSED

TRENTON, N.J., June 5 (Reuter)

—Four stormy years of waving swastika flags and shouting "Hell" at Camp Nordland came to an end on Wednesday with the sale of the camp and the surrender of the Charter of the German-American Bund in New Jersey.

The Bund's counsel revealed that the camp was sold for \$23,500 to 217 individual mortgagees, and the Charter returned to the Secretary of the State a few hours after New Jersey State Legislature had passed a law repealing the Charter.

A floating mine drifting in the vicinity of Lat. 22 deg. 11' 30" N., long. 114 deg. 11' E. (Approx.) at a point 250 degrees distant 14 miles from Bluff Point (Taitan Peninsula) was sighted by a vessel at 6.30 a.m. on June 4, states a Harbour Office Notification.

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DRAW FOR OPEN PAIRS, RINKS BOWLS TOURNAMENT

The draw for the first round in the OPEN PAIRS and RINKS of the Lawn Bowls Championships were made yesterday at Messrs. Gande, Price and Company. The pairs matches will start on Tuesday, June 10, and the rinks on Sunday, June 15.

The draw was conducted by the Chief Justice, Sir Atholl MacGregor, President of the H.K.L.B.A.

OPEN PAIRS

At Kowloon F.C.—H. Drew and V. C. Dixon v. T. A. Madan and A. E. P. Guest; V. Atienza and V. Chittenden v. A. Eastman and W. Simpson.

At Craigengower C.C.—W.K. Way and E. Zimmermann v. C. W. Lam and N. P. Karanjia; H. Nish and G. Sewell v. E. G. Post and W. J. Cameron.

At Recreto—F. Nolan and B. Jillett v. A. W. Smith and E. Curtis; W. McNeil and P. A. Peckham v. R. Laigh and R. S. Meadow.

At Police R.C.—T. R. Hunter and L. Jack v. J. W. Harrop and S. H. Marvin.

At Kowloon Docks—H. White and A. J. Hall v. C. M. Silva and F. X. Soares; J. Noronha and C. G. Silva v. E. Scard and J. E. Henson.

At H.K. Football Club—N. J. Bebbington and J. F. McGowan v. M. I. Razack and A. J. Coelho.

At Kowloon C.C.—R. T. Broadbridge and N. A. E. Mackey v. A. Stevens and J. A. A. Selby.

At Kowloon Bowling Green Club—G. E. F. Thompson and E. V. Searle v. H. F. Shields and C. Hatt; E. A. Aitken and J. G. Meyer v. E. Levett and H. Spung.

At Civil Service C.C.—K. W. Farrow and A. G. Grattan v. G. Wilkerton and G. Davies.

JUNE 13

At Kowloon F.C.—K. C. Hamilton and A. M. Holland v. H. Beckenshire and A. Zimmermann; J. W. Leonard and W. Ward v. R. P. Phillips and J. McKelvie.

At Craigengower C.C.—G. J. Perkins and W. Mair v. J. V. Ramsay and R. Morrison.

At Kowloon Bowling Green Club—W. C. Ogley and T. Fergusson v. L. J. Silva and J. F. V. Rebelto; A. A. Dand and W. V. Field v. D. Hung and F. R. Zimmermann.

At H.K. Football Club—D. A. Rozario and J. S. Landolt v. M. F. Alarcon and L. F. Xavier; W. Colledge and E. Kirman v. W. B. Harris and A. Soutar.

At Civil Service C.C.—M. A. Baptista and G. B. Ladd v. W. Williamson and C. S. M. Thom; W. E. Webber and W. C. Higgs v. J. J. Basto and C. H. Basto.

At Recreto—E. C. Fincher and A. W. Ramsay v. W. L. Walker and R. Duncan; B. A. Mansell and P. C. Morgan v. W. C. McMaster and M. Fergusson.

At Kowloon C.C.—J. A. Remedios and L. A. Gutierrez v. A. Lapsley and R. Ogden; J. S. Riddell and J. C. Aitken v. A. F. Noronha and A. M. Rodrigues.

At Police R.C.—U. A. Rumjahn and A. H. Rumjahn v. C. F. Needham and A. Brooksbank.

JUNE 10

At Kowloon F.C.—G. H. Sherriff and A. Hyde Lay v. H. A. Alves and F. B. Rebelto.

At Police R.C.—J. H. Gelling and H. G. Wallington v. L. A. Jordan and C. E. Langley.

At Civil Service C.C.—H. Bicknell and G. Elphick v. C. H. Gough and J. E. Hayward.

OPEN RINKS

At Civil Service C.C.—J. W. Leonard, G. S. Ladd, L. O. R. Souza and M. J. Meding (Skip) v. A. G. Grattan, J. H. Gelling, C. F. Needham and A. Brooksbank (Skip); J. Riddell, J. McWalter, J. C. Aitken and W. Mair (Skip) v. W. E. Webber, W. Higgs, S. H. Marvin and F. N. Hill (Skip).

At H.K. Football Club—W. McLeod, W. B. Harris, W. S. Dal and J. Shepherd (Skip) v. C. Gough, J. Hayward, A. Soutar and C. Elie (Skip); C. Woodcock, V. Atienza, C. Dowman and V. Chittenden.

(Skip) v. K. M. Rumjahn, Y. Yusuf, U. A. Rumjahn and S. M. Rumjahn (Skip).

At Kowloon F.C.—S. R. Solina, F. K. Modi, W. A. Rosario and H. W. Randall (Skip) v. S. A. Gray, E. Curtis, A. W. Smith and E. C. Fincher (Skip).

At Police R.C.—F. X. Delgado, A. Kitchell, C. W. Lam, and N. P. Karanjia (Skip) v. E. Strange, S. Strange, C. Strange and H. Strange (Skip); W. E. MacFarlane, J. M. Thompson, J. D. Thomson and W. MacFarlane (Skip) v. P. D. Crawley, E. Kirman, J. Hempsey and W. J. Burling (Skip).

At Recreto—C. R. Logan, W. Williamson, E. H. Remedios and C. S. M. Thom (Skip) v. H. H. Rose, G. H. Sherriff, T. W. Carr and N. J. Bebbington (Skip); A. Lapsley, R. Lapsley Jr., R. Lapsley and E. Kern (Skip) v. A. Sheppard, T. Seddon, M. E. Purvis and W. C. Simmonds (Skip).

At Craigengower C.C.—J. Gellatly, E. V. Ebbage, J. F. McGowan and M. N. Rakusen (Skip) v. W. Naef, A. Eastman, T. Fergusson and W. Simpson (Skip); M. A. Baptista, J. H. Xavier, Y. A. Razack and W. Ward (Skip) v. R. Basa, A. E. Coates, J. S. Landolt and C. S. Rosselet (Skip).

At Kowloon Bowling Green Club—F. A. Machado, C. M. Silva, R. F. Luz and F. M. da Silva (Skip) v. A. M. Omar, K. M. Omar, B. A. Bradbury and U. M. Omar (Skip); B. D. Evans, R. Ogden, B. Gibson, and W. V. Field (Skip) v. R. Main, J. A. Watson, W. Melrose and J. C. Chalmers (Skip).

At Kowloon C.C.—F. Nolan, A. Jillett, J. McCutcheon and C. Gowan (Skip) v. L. J. Silva, H. A. Alves, F. V. V. Rebelto and A. M. Rodrigues (Skip).

At Kowloon Docks—J. A. Remedios, F. A. Xavier, M. A. Carvalho and L. A. Gutierrez (Skip) v. L. Sykes, W. McNeil, R. Duncan and A. J. Hall (Skip); C. Vas, O. F. Remedios, J. C. Remedios and E. da Souza (Skip) v. W. L. Walker, J. C. Gill, J. McKelvie and A. M. Holland (Skip).

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At Kowloon C.C.—F. Nolan, A. Jillett, J. McCutcheon and C. Gowan (Skip) v. L. J. Silva, H. A. Alves, F. V. V. Rebelto and A. M. Rodrigues (Skip).

8 British Merchantmen Torpedoed Near U.S.

NEW YORK, June 5 (Reuter).—Eight British merchantmen, totaling 54,268 tons, were recently torpedoed within 700 miles of United States shores.

This was disclosed by the Maritime Commission yesterday and the disclosure has driven home to United States officials the fact that the danger to the Western Hemisphere is increasing daily.

The torpedoed ships, named by the Commission, were the San Felix, Rothermere, British Security, Darlington Court, Ramilles, Star Cross, Silverew and Clan MacDougal.

The position of the torpedoings is given as roughly 700 miles east of Labrador and some 350 miles south of the tip of Greenland.

H.M. THE KING VISITS WAR FACTORIES

INTEREST EVINCED IN SHELL-MAKING

LONDON, June 5 (BWS).—The King today saw the great use being made of plastic work for war production when he visited a war factory in the Home Counties.

The factory, which before the war produced fountain pens, telephone instruments and ash trays, now turns out seats for fighter aeroplanes, wireless containers and other containers for radio equipment in planes.

The King also visited a shell factory where he saw the 300,000th shell of a certain type being turned out.

His Majesty saw the red hot ingots being pulled from the furnace at one end of the factory while at the other end he saw completed shells.

He was told the process occupied only half an hour.

CRETE EVACUATION INCIDENT

LONDON, June 5 (BWS).—A Melbourne message state that Mr. W. M. Hughes, Australian Minister of Navy, revealed that during the evacuation from Crete the cruiser Perth, which transported 1,000 troops, was intensively bombed.

Though she was hit and sustained damage from a near miss she was safe.

Four were killed and three injured.

SPANISH LEGATION IN HSINKING

MADRID, June 5 (Reuter).—Spain is opening a legation in Hsinking, the capital of Manchukuo and is also renewing diplomatic relations with Iran.

It is stated that this step has been taken with the desire to "arrive at the fullest relations with those countries, signifying the triumph of the new order in the world."

INTER-VARSITY CRICKET AT LORDS

LONDON, June 5 (Reuter).—Oxford and Cambridge have agreed to meet in an inter-University cricket match at Lords on June 28.

This is the first occasion the Universities will have met in war-time cricket.

All proceeds of the one-day match will go to the Red Cross. Cambridge have raised a team which has been playing against various opponents, but Oxford have not arranged any games though they have elected a captain who has several good men round whom to build a team.

STOCKHOLM, June 5 (Reuter).—Ten Swedish fishing boats which had been captured by the German naval forces have now been released.

FOREIGN MAILS

HONGKONG, FRIDAY, 6th JUNE, 1941.

An experimental service providing sea transit to U.S.A. and air transit from U.S.A. to Lisbon and United Kingdom has been instituted. The inclusive postage rate is H. K. \$2.00 per 1 oz. for letters and H. K. \$1.00 each for postcards. Correspondence for this service should bear the usual blue air mail label with the superscription "By sea to U.S.A."

The public are reminded that it is a breach of postal regulations to enclose in a postal cover communications intended for persons other than the addressee.

The Printed Matter Service to the following places in China is temporarily suspended:—

Yunnan
Szechuen
Kweichow
Hunan
Fukien (except Amoy and Xulangsu)
Kwangsi
North and East of Kwangtung

Small Packet Post to all countries is suspended.

INWARD AIR MAILS

From	Due
Air Mail by "Pan American Airways Direct Service" — San Francisco date, 25th May.	6th June
Air Mail by "Pan American Airways Direct Service" — San Francisco date, 10th June.	17th June

OUTWARD AIR MAILS

For	Date and Time
FRIDAY	Fri. 6th June K.P.O. Reg. 14.00 PM Ord. 4.30 PM
Air Mail by Air to Rangoon to connect with the "British Overseas Airways."	G.P.O. Reg. 4.00 PM Ord. 4.30 PM
Air Mail for Manila, Guam, Honolulu, U.S.A. and Europe via "Pan-American Airways and Trans-Atlantic Services"	K.P.O. Reg. 5.00 PM Ord. 5.30 PM
TUESDAY	Tue. 17th June K.P.O. Reg. 5.00 PM Ord. 5.30 PM
Air Mail for Manila, Guam, Honolulu, U.S.A. and Europe via "Pan-American Airways and Trans-Atlantic Services"	G.P.O. Reg. 5.00 PM Ord. 7.00 PM

Six French Ports Reported Made Available To Germans

LONDON, June 5 (Reuter).—Reports of further plans for the collaboration between Vichy and the Nazis were current in London yesterday and though they do not so far find confirmation in official circles they are interesting indications of German aspirations regarding French assistance.

One of these reports suggests that under the terms of the Hitler-Darlan agreement, six French naval bases are to be made available for joint use by the French and German fleets.

The ports mentioned are Sete on the Mediterranean coast of France, Beirut in Syria, Ville Franche near Nice, Algiers, Casablanca and Dakar.

If this report is borne out by developments it is obviously of first class importance.

The possession of Dakar would put German ships at a base where the distance between Africa and the South American continent is no more than about 2,000 miles and would also constitute a further menace to British shipping from West African ports.

The Hungarian Prime Minister, who is on an official visit to Rome was received by the Pope yesterday.

One Ship Every Five Days

LONDON, June 5 (Reuter).—The Belgian Finance Minister, who returned to London today from the United States after a visit, said that he had been able to see the steps now being taken in the United States to assist Britain and although she has not reached the peak of production, she is giving powerful aid to the common cause.

He had visited one shipyard where a 7,000-ton ship was turned out every five days. In another, a tanker was turned out every week.

He said that one aeroplane factory, which was not in existence last November, was now producing 100 engines daily.

He concluded: "The Allies will not win the war because they have right on their side but because they will have guns, ships and planes from the United States."

Printed and Published by Henry Lloyd Murrow, for the Hongkong Daily Press, Ltd., at Marina House, third floor, 15-19, Queen's Road Central, Hongkong. London Office: 53 Fleet Street E.C.4.

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WAR-TIME HISTORY MAY BE REPEATED IN DERBY

LONDON, June 5 (Reuter).—War-time history may well be repeated in a race for the Derby which only twice in the long history has been won by a woman owner.

Lady James Douglas GAINSBOROUGH triumphed in 1918. The other occasion was Mrs. Miller's MID-DAY SUN in 1937.

Now the brightest chance is held by MOROGORO, owned by the Senior Maharani Sahab of Kolhapur, widow of the Maharajah of Kolhapur.

Morogoro won four times as a two-year-old and when purchased last year, it was planned to send him to India but the Maharajah's death, together with the reopening of Derby entries, caused a change of plans in Morogoro's career.

ORIGINAL ENTRY

Remaining in his stable at Derby.